

# Sir M Visvesvaraya Institute of Technology, Bengaluru-562 157 Department of Mechanical Engineering

# SUBMITTED TO THE PRINCIPAL:

Date: 13/12/2021

Permission to organize three days student development programme during 03/01/2022 to 05/01/2022

Purpose /Justification of SDP: with respect to the above subject the following coordinators from Mechanical Engineering would like to organize 3 days SDP on

"Python Programming with Real time Industrial Applications" in association with M/S Aqmenz Automation Pvt Ltd Bangalore.

The objective of this program is mainly to focus on training of Students to develop coding skills in python programming with hands on session.

This particular coding programming is required for Mechanical Engineering as a part of covering syllabus beyond the subject as well students will get benefitted in terms of knowledge and skills.

PROFESSOR & HEAD Department of Mechanical Engineering Sir M. Visvesvaraya Institute of Techonolgy Bengaluru-562 157





Ref No.: SMVIT/ME/ SDP /2022-2023

Date: 05/12/2022

# REPORT ON 3 DAYS STUDENT DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM

Three days students Development Program were successfully conducted in the Department of Mechanical Engineering from 03/01/2022 to 05/01/2022 in association with M/s Aqmenz Automation Pvt. Ltd., Bengaluru. Day wise report of SDP is as follows

Dignitaries on the Dias:

Dr K S Shanmukharadhya, Head of the Department

Mr. Mohan Shamanna, Resource Person

Mr. Mohamed Azar, Resource Person

The student Coordinator Mr. Bogi Deepak, USN:1MV18ME023 gave the welcome address and extended warm welcome to all the dignitaries present & invited them to the dias with a banquet of flowers.

He also welcomed all the students' participants from the department of mechanical Engineering.

The resource Person Mr. Mohammed Azar addressed the participants about the program in brief. The head of the department Dr K S Shanmukhardhya, addressed the students to make the best utilization of 3 days' workshop and to gain the knowledge in terms of application of the

programming tool 'Python' Vote of thanks was given by the student coordinator Mr.Shridhar U Dameshwar Bhat, USN:1MV18ME083

SIR M. VISVESVARAYA INSTITUT Affiliated to VTU, Belagavi / Approved by AIC Krishnadeyarayanagar. Bengal Three Day workshop - 3 <sup>rd</sup> to 5 <sup>th</sup> January 2 on 	Annu Kamataka Annu Kamataka Annu Kamataka Private Limited
Resource Persons 1. Mahammed Ashar Hannola. Designation: Co-Founder & CTO Ageneral Automation P25, L dt Editeds Transmit Treasson 9743396604 Email: Clariffondeskallan Design: Automation P27, L d. Robin: Anno State Churt Mentor Agent: Automation P27, L d. Robin: No. 9743396604.9738802339 Email: Ctolffondeskallan	Organizing Chair Dr. V.R. <u>Manyunath</u> Principal, Sir MVIT Cenvener: Dr. K. 5 Shanmakhazadhya. Prof. & Head Department of Mechaniscal Engineering. Sir MVIT. Bengahari Staff Coordinators 1 Dr. O. Balakungar. Assoc. Prof. J. Di Schlavod Balan, Assoc. Prof. J. Di Schlavod Balan, Assoc. Prof. J. Di Schlavod Balan, Assoc. Prof. J. Di Schlavod Malan, Assoc. Prof. J. Di Schlavod Malan, Assoc. Prof. J. Di Schlavod Malan.
Student Registration Enk: https://forms.gle/uj@sBbyv96r1hEE7	Security Srudent Coordinators 1 Bog, Deepak USN 1MV18ME023 2 Shridher Udans Hwar Bhat USN 1MV18ME03

**3-Days SDP Poster** 



# Content of the SDP:

Day-1 8.00AM to 6.00PM	Session begin after a short tea-break. Mr. Mohammed Azar, the trainer took over the dias. and gave the introduction about the python programming and basic concepts of it
	Introduction to python programming scope & importance of Coding
	Installation of the software 'ANKONDA' Brief Introduction about python Programming & Applications
12.45PM to 1.30PM	Lunch Break Basic concepts of Python data types & Example programs
	Functions concepts & Application programs
	Looping in Python with Industrial Examples
	Lambda Function and Examples

Day-2 8.00AM to 6.00PM	
6.00AWI to 0.001 WI	Module concept used in python
	Pre-built Modules - time, math, random
	Project: Robotic Kinematic Calculations using Python
	Exceptional Handling with 'try-except'
12.45PM to 1.30PM	Lunch Break Structured Data Types – Lists, Tuples & Dictionaries. Introduction to Python Kit –
	ESP32 Microcontroller Board Pin Description and Peripherals interfaces introduction and usage
	Simple led blink program using python microcontroller interface

Day-3	
8.00AM to 6.00PM	Industrial Application Projects, Bottle Sorting project in Bottle Industry
	Staircase Application Project, Sequential Motor Control Project
	The Breek
	Colour Mixing Paint Industry Project, Timer and counters programming using
	Python
	Packing Automation in Industry Projects
12.45PM to 1.30PM	Lunch Break Introduction to Machine Learning, Python Libraries - Numpy, Pandas, Matplotlib
	usage, Supervised and Unsupervised machine Learning, Test/Quiz
5.30PM to 6.15PM	Valadiatory Eurotion
	The valedoctory function started at 5.30PM @ ME seminar hall. The



anchoring was done by the student coordinators. The HOD was the chief guest for the programme. The program involved, inviting the Chief guest & faculty coordinator to the dias. Three days summary of the workshop was briefed by the student Mr. Varun B. Feedback form the students about their exposure in these 3 days programme was taken. The Hod addressed the students about worthiness of the workshop that they under went in these 3 days and thanked the management & the principal for their support extended and also participants who shown interest and came forward for participation. Finally the HOD presented the payment of Rs 17,500/- in cash to the Mr, Mohan Shamanna, the Founder & Mentor of Aqmenz Automation Pvt. Ltd. Online feedback is collected from all the participants.

### FEED BACK ON CO's

SI.No	CO's			
51.140	the state of the state programming concepts of Python programming tools			
1	Able to understand, learn & apply the basics programming concepts of Python programming tools			
2	Able to understand, learn a approved each property of a solution of the soluti			
	applications			
3	Summarization of concepts of machine learning and deep learning			

Rating:

1-slightly 2-

2- Moderately

3- Strongly

SI. No.	USN	NAME OF THE STUDENT	Registratio n Fee (Rs 500/-	Semester & section
1	1MV16ME058	PAVAN KUMAR G M	500	VII-A
2	1MV17ME053	R CHANDAN	500	VII-A
3	1MV18ME001	ABHAY S	500	VII-A
4	1MV18ME008	AJITH BHANDARKAR	500	VII-A
5	1MV18ME026	CHILUKURI KAUSHIK VARDHAN	500	VII-A
6	1MV18ME406	DINESH KUMAR A	500	VII-A
7	1MV18ME050	MANDAPATI CHETHAN SREEKAR	500	VII-B
8	1MV18ME051	MEGHARAJA M D	500	VII-B
9	1MV18ME053	MUSTAFA TRUMBOO	500	VII-B
10	1MV18ME055	NADIMPALLI LAKSHMI NARAYANA	500	VII-B
11	1MV18ME056	P CHANDAN KRISHNA	500	VII-B
12	1MV18ME058	PARIKSHIT B R	500	VII-B
13	1MV18ME072	SAI GANESH D	500	VII-B



14	1MV18ME079	SHASHANK S TEGGIHALLI	500	VII-B
15	1MV18ME081	SHASHIDHAR N	500	VII-B
16	1MV18ME092	VARUN B	500	VII-B
17	1MV19ME404	HARSHITH J	500	VII-B
18	1MV19ME411	RAKSHITH GOWDA J	500	VII-B
19	1MV19ME011	B S SRI SUMUKHA	500	V-A
20	1MV19ME012	CHANDAN B S	500	V-A
21	1MV19ME015	DHANUSH M P	500	V-A
22	1MV19ME017	DINAKAR M K	500	V-A
23	1MV19ME023	HITHESH R	500	V-A
24	1MV19ME024	HRITHIK B N	500	V-A
25	1MV19ME025	JAYASURYA K S	500	V-A
26	1MV19ME033	MOHAMMED YAHYA ADIL	500	V-A
27	1MV19ME066	RAVIBK	500	V-A
28	1MV19ME065	SURAJ A	500	V-B
29	1MV19ME068	V VIGNESH	500	V-B
30	1MV20ME406	KEERTHI D	500	V-B
31	1MV20ME404	EKANTH P MOHITHE	500	V-B
32	1MV20ME408	PREMSAGAR G	500	V-B
33	1MV20ME409	PUNEETH N	500	V-B
34	1MV20ME410	RAJATH H V	500	V-B
35	1MV20ME411	VAMSHI V	500	V-B

### Online Feedback:

Name	USN	Rating 5=Excellent 4= Very Good 3= Good 2= Satisfactory 1= Poor	Comments
PAVAN KUMAR G M	1MV16ME058	4	Good
R CHANDAN	1MV17ME053	4	•
ABHAY S	1MV18ME001	5	This workshop was useful
AJITH BHANDARKAR	1MV18ME008	4	•
CHILUKURI KAUSHIK VARDHAN	1MV18ME026	5	No comments
DINESH KUMAR A	1MV18ME406	5	
MANDAPATI CHETHAN SREEKAR	1MV18ME050	5	I guess my phobia towards coding will vanish after this
MEGHARAJA M D	1MV18ME051	5	Good
MUSTAFA TRUMBOO	1MV18ME053	5	good
NADIMPALLI LAKSHMI NARAYANA	IMV18ME055	4	It was very interesting
P CHANDAN KRISHNA	1MV18ME056	2	I'm interested in learning



PARIKSHIT B R	1MV18ME058	5	I would like to learn this language and apply it in industries	
SAI GANESH D	1MV18ME072	5	I'm interested in learning	
SHASHANK S TEGGIHALLI	1MV18ME079	4	Thanks for introducing this course	
SHASHIDHAR N	1MV18ME081	4		
VARUN B	1MV18ME092	3	-	
HARSHITH J	1MV19ME404	4	Hope if I learn everything from basics it would be helpful	
RAKSHITH GOWDA J	1MV19ME411	5	Good	
B S SRI SUMUKHA	1MV19ME011	5	Good course	
CHANDAN B S	1MV19ME012	4	Excellent	
DHANUSH M P	1MV19ME015	5	I want the workshop at advanced level	
DINAKAR M K	1MV19ME017	1	Not Interested	
HITHESH R	1MV19ME023	5	No	
HRITHIK B N	1MV19ME024	5	Yes	
JAYASURYA K S	1MV19ME025	4	Good	
MOHAMMED YAHYA ADIL	1MV19ME033	5	-	
RAVI B K	1MV19ME066	4		
SURAJ A	1MV19ME065	5	I need workshop	
V VIGNESH	1MV19ME068	5	Nothing	
KEERTHI D	1MV20ME406	5	Interested in learning python	
EKANTH P MOHITHE	1MV20ME404	5	This workshop will help me to increase knowledge in coding field	
PREMSAGAR G	1MV20ME408	5	Good	
PUNEETH N	1MV20ME409	2		
RAJATH H V	1MV20ME410	5	Excellent	
VAMSHI V	1MV20ME411	4	-	

Co-coordinators

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PROFESSOR & HEAD Department of Mechanical Engineering Sir M. Visvesvaraya Institute of Techenolgy Bengaluru-562 157

# Sir M. Visvesvaraya Institute of Technology, Bengaluru-562157

# **Department of Mechanical Engineering**

### Final Registered students List:

### Date: 19/01/2022

SL No.	I NN NAME OF THE STUDENT		Registration Fee (Rs 500/-	Semeste r & section	Certificate issued	
N. C.	1MV16ME058	PAVAN KUMAR U M		VII-A	120-5	
2	1MV17ME053	R CHANDAN	500	VII-A		
3	1MV18ME001	ABHAY S	500	VII-A	Mm/	
4	1MV18ME008	АЛТН BHANDARKAR	500	VII-A	S.P.	
5	1MV18ME026	CHILUKURI KAUSHIK VARDHAN	500	VII-A	cm	
	1MV18ME406	DINESH KUMAR A	500	VII-A	D.	
7	1MV18ME050	MANDAPATI CHETHAN SREEKAR	500	VII-B	Michithan	
5	1MV18ME051	MEGHARAJA M D	500	VII-B	for all	
8	1MV18ME053	MUSTAFA TRUMBOO	500	VII-B	- Cal	
9	1MV18ME033	NADIMPALLI LAKSHMI	500	VII-B	NFatohal	
10	1MV18ME055	NARAYANA		THI D	QTD.	
	1MV18ME056	P CHANDAN KRISHNA	500	VII-B	El little	
11	1MV18ME058	PARIKSHIT B R	500	VII-B	J-Junio	
	1MV18ME072	SAI GANESH D	500	VII-B		
13	1MV18ME079	SHASHANK S TEGGIHALLI	500	VII-B		
14	1MV18ME081	SHASHIDHAR N	500	VII-B	Stan	
15	1MV18ME092	VARUN B	500	VII-B	HATT	
16	1MV19ME404	HARSHITH J	500	VII-B	Horstein	
17	1MV19ME404	RAKSHITH GOWDA J	500	VII-B	C LAPPO	
18	1MV19ME411	B S SRI SUMUKHA	500	V-A	Sul Babs	
19	1MV19ME012	CHANDAN B S	500	V-A	Charoba 22	
20	1MV19ME012	DHANUSH M P	500	V-A	Olm A-	
21	1MV19ME013	DINAKAR M K	500	V-A	Dinal	
22		HITHESH R	500	V-A	HS	
23	1MV19ME023	HRITHIK B N	500	V-A		
24	1MV19ME024	JAYASURYA K S	500	V-A	Justice,	
25	1MV19ME025	MOHAMMED YAHYA ADIL	500	V-A	salyos	
26	1MV19ME033	RAVIBK	500	V-A	Rt K	
27	1MV19ME066	SURAJ A	500	V-B	And	
28	1MV19ME065	V VIGNESH	500	V-B	Y. Wigney	
29	1MV19ME068		500	V-B	Kenthi, D	
30	1MV20ME406	KEERTHI D EKANTH P MOHITHE	500	V-B	Ekant	
31	1MV20ME404		500	V-B	Xalogooly	
32	1MV20ME408	PREMSAGAR G	500	V-B	Nithe	
33	1MV20ME409	PUNEETH N	500	V-B	Par	
34	1MV20ME410	RAJATH H V	500	V-B	Vanshi V	
35	1MV20ME411	VAMSHI V	500		14.50	

Dr. GBelalumae

HOD

PROFESSOR & HEAD Department of Mechanical Engineering Sir M. Visvesvaraya Institute of Techonolgy Bengaluru-562 157

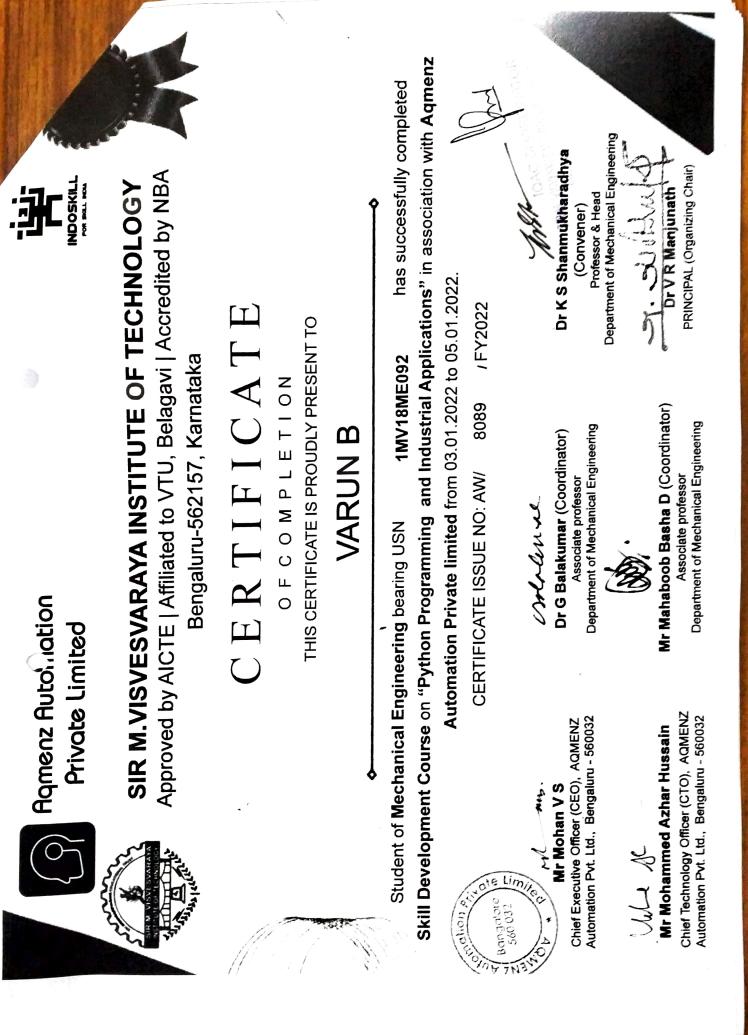
## Related Photographs

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# Sir M. Visvesvaraya Institute of Technology, Bengaluru-562157 Department of Mechanical Engineering

### SUBMITTED TO THE PRINCIPAL:

Subject: Permission to organize Three Days Student Development Programme during 01/12/2022 to 03/12/2022- Tentatively.

Purpose/Justification of SDP: With respect to the above subject the following coordinators from Department of Mechanical Engineering would like to organize three day student development program in the department of Mechanical Engineering on "PYTHON CODING WITH APPLICATIONS PROJECTS & SOLUTIONS" in association with M/S Aqmenz Automation Pvt. Ltd., Bengaluru-32 for seventh semester mechanical engineering students without involving financial implications. M/S Aqmenz Automation Pvt. Ltd., has been identified as resource company in giving successful hands on training in python programming as they have also given successful training at various universities/ institution like Reva university, Gltam, Venkateshwara college of engineering, BMSIT, Acharya Institutes etc.

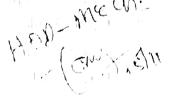
The objective of this SDP is mainly to focus on training of students to develop coding skills in python programming with hands on session. This particular coding programme is required for mechanical engineering as part of covering beyond syllabus in the mechatronic subject as well as the student will get benefitted interms of knowledge & skills which will help them to undertake various mechatronics based innovative projects. Keeping this in mind, this particular student development Programme has been identified.

The details of the SDP are enclosed (Annexure-1) hereby for your kind perusal. We request you to kindly give the permission to conduct this three day SDP and do the needful.

Note: The cash collected from the students will be deposited into the principal's account and same will be utilized as per actual expenses via principal's permission.

Istration @Rs.700/- per head.		
istration with over per nead.	35,000/-	
n Payment @Rs.10,000/- per day (withou	ut	30000/-
ng pads, pens, Mementoes, Lunch for resourd nents for participants etc.	ce	5000/-
	IR 35,000/-	35,000/-
1	ing pads, pens, Mementoes, Lunch for resour nents for participants etc.	ing pads, pens, Mementoes, Lunch for resource nents for participants etc.

### Budget Summary:





SIR M. VISVESVARAYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY BENGALURU - 502 157 Budget details:

Sl. No	Item Details	Quantity Required and amount	Approximate Amount (Rs.)
	Charlier and Itam	2	200/-
	Stationery Item Resource Person (without TDS) In the favor of AQMENZ AUTOMATION	Rs.10,000/- per day	30,000/-
	PRIVATE. LIMITED.	2	1,500/-
	Banners	2	750/
1	Lunch for resource person and coordinators	12	750/-
الذ المود	Refreshments for Participants	60	250/-
	Pens & Notepad	4	500/-
	Memento's	1	
2	Registration Fee Rs. 700/- per head	Rs.700x50 students	35,000.00

### Gaps Identified:

**PO3:** Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

**PO5:** Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations

**PO9: Individual and team work**: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

**PO 12: Life-long learning**: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

# **CO-PO MAPPING**

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_	CO's	PO3	PO5	PO9	PO12
SLNo	Able to understand, learn & apply the basics programming	3	3	2	2
	concepts of Python programming tools			2	2
-	Ability to apply the nython codding skills on hardware	3	2	2	2
	microcontroller and solve industry related applications	2	2	2	2
3	Summarization of concepts of machine learning and deep	-	-		
	learning				

### **Details of the Resource Person:**

- Mohammed Azhar Hussain Designation: Co-Founder & CTO Aqmenz Automation Pvt, Ltd. Edtech Training Tread mark: Inoskill. Mobile No: 9738802359/9743396604 Email: <u>cto@indoskill.in</u>
- Mr. Mohan Shamanna Designation: Founder & Chief Mentor Aqmenz Automation Pvt, Ltd. Edtech Training Tread mark: Inoskill. Mobile No: 9743396604/9738802359 Email: ceo@indoskill.in

### **Staff Coordinators**

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1. Dr. G Balakumar Assoc. Prof.

Nataraja M Asist. Prof.

Enclosures: 1. Program Schedule (Annexure-1) 2. Company Brochure

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Submitted to the principal . The proposed 3 days SDP is related to "Python and its applications" for the Strad year students. There is no farancial requirements from The Institute the Institute the requisit your kind approval to Conduit the program.

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PROFESSOR & HEAD Department | Mechanical Engineering Fir M. Drugs, atava Infoldute of Period Con-Recipation-562, 157

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### PRINCIPAL Sir M.V.I.T., Bangalore-562 157.



Ref No.: SMVIT/ME/ SDP /2022-2023

Date: 05/12/2022

### **REPORT ON 3 DAYS STUDENT DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM**

Three days students Development Program were successfully conducted in the Department of Mechanical Engineering from 01/12/2022 to 03/12/2022 in association with M/s Aqmenz Automation Pvt. Ltd., Bengaluru. Day wise report of SDP is as follows

Dignitaries on the Dias:

Dr Rakesh S G, Principal, Sir MVIT as chief guest

Dr K S Shanmukharadhya, Head of the Department

Mr. Mohan Shamanna, Resource Person

Mr. Mohamed Azar, Resource Person

The student Coordinator Mr. Puneeth Kumar gave the welcome address and extended warm welcome to all the dignitaries present & invited them to the dias with a banquet of flowers.

He also welcomed all the students' participants from the department of mechanical Engineering and also from other departments.

As regular practice, the program started with lightening of the lamp followed by an invocation – song by a group of girl students of V BE Mechanical Engg.

The resource Person Mr. Mohammed Azar addressed the participants about the program in brief. The head of the department Dr K S Shanmukhardhya, addressed the students to make the best utilization of 3 days workshop and to gain the knowledge in terms of application of the

programming tool 'Python'

Finally the Principal, Dr Rakesh S G gave the motivational speech addressing students that this programming tool is widely used in much application including automation. He concluded his speech with best wishes each & every one. Vote of thanks was given by the student coordinator Mr. Punceth.

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PROFESSOR & HEAD Department of Mechanical Engineering Sir M. Visvesvaraya Institute of Techonolgy Bengaluru-562-157

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### Content of the SDP:

Day-1 8.00AM to 6.00PM	Session begin after a short tea-break. Mr. Mohammed Azar, the trainer took over the dias. and gave the introduction about the python programming and basic concepts of it					
	Introduction to python programming scope & importance of Coding					
	Installation of the software 'ANKONDA' Brief Introduction about python Programming & Applications					
12.45PM to 1.30PM	Lunch Break					
	Basic concepts of Python data types & Example programs					
Regist - sylveddia antania - chafalle, register - talaatheau ygent, dar - o op offerstallene	Functions concepts & Application programs					
	Looping in Python with Industrial Examples					
	Lambda Function and Examples					

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Day-3	
8.00AM to 6.00PM	Industrial Application Projects, Bottle Sorting project in Bottle Industry
the second se	Staircase Application Project, Sequential Motor Control Project
	Tea- Break
	Colour Mixing Paint Industry Project, Timer and counters programming using Python
	Packing Automation in Industry Projects
12.45PM to 1.30PM	Lunch Break
からにとばい	Introduction to Machine Learning, Python Libraries - Numpy, Pandas, Matplotlib usage,
ingen gedan die er versteren im einder eine stelle felder och van der ein er ein die Ormek om einder der	Supervised and Unsupervised machine Learning, Test/Quiz
5.30PM to 6.15PM	Valedictory Function

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PROFESSOR & HEAD Department of Mechanical Engineering Sir M. Visvesvaraya Institute of Techonology Bengaluru-562 157

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The valedoctory function started at 5.30PM @ ME seminar hall. The anchoring was done by the student coordinators. The HOD was the chief guest for the programme. The program involved, inviting the Chief guest & faculty coordinator to the dias. Three days summary of the workshop was briefed by the student Rishikesh of V semester Mechanical branch. Feedback form the students about their exposure in these 3 days programme was taken. The Hod addressed the students about worthiness of the workshop that they under went in these 3 days and thanked the management & the principal for their support extended and also participants who shown interest and came forward for participation. Finally the HOD presented the payment of Rs 30,000/- in cash to the Mr, Mohan Shamanna, the Founder & Mentor of Aqmenz Automation Pvt. Ltd.

A group photograph was taken at the entrance of Department of Mechanical Engineeering with Poster at the back-ground.

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PROFESSOR & HEAD Department of Mechanical Engineering Sir M. Visvesvaraya Institute of Techonolgy Bengaluru-562 157



3-Days Student Development Program (SDP) on 'pyTHON PROGRAMMIMNG WITH APPLICATION PROJECTS & SOLUTIONS' in association with M/S Agmenz Automation Pvt. Ltd., Bengaluru from 01/13/2022 to 03/12/22



Banner

Welcoming the resource person Mr. Mohan Shamanna Founder & Mentor, Agmenz Automation Pvt. Ltd., Bengaluru

PHOTOS OF SDP



Address by the Principal Prof. Rakesh S G



Welcoming the resource person Mr. Mohammed Azar Mentor, Aqmenz Automation Pvt. Ltd., Bengaluru

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PROFESSOR & HEAD Department of Mechanical Engineering Sir M. Visvesvaraya Institute of Techonolia Bongaturu-562, 157





Students along with the stall



Hands on session of the event



Hands on session of the event



Hands on session of the event



Hands on session of the event

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PROFESSOR & HEAD Department of Mechanical Engineering Sir M. Visvesvaraya Institute of Techonolay





Valedictory function



Students participants in Valedictory



Feedback from the student-participant



Participants group photo with HOD & staff



Participants group photo with HOD & staff coordinators

PROFESSOR & HEAD Department of Mechanical Engineering Sir M. Visvesvaraya Institute of Techonolgy Beingaluru-562 157

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SLN 0	CO's
CO1	Able to understand, learn & apply the basics programming concepts of Python programming tools
CO2	Ability to apply the python codding skills on hardware microcontroller and solve industry related applications
CO3	Summarization of concepts of machine learning and deep learning

### Student List:

SI.	USN	NAME OF THE STUDENT					Sig
io.	USN	NAME OF THE STUDENT	0	1	a	3	
	7th	Semester Mechanical Engine	ering				
1	1MV19ME031	M TINKU RAJKUMAR		ingenie in and		3	alf
2	1MV19ME010	BASAMMA				3	ard
3	1MV20ME407	MAHESH AINAPURE				3	#17
	5 <sup>th</sup>	Semester Mechanical Engine	ering				
1	1MV20ME001	ABHILASH G S				3	8
2	1MV20ME002	ABHISHEK S				3	Alex .
3	1MV20ME006	ANIRUDH B				3	And
4	1MV20ME009	BHASKAR M.L				3	AL.
5	1MV20ME012	DHANUSH.S		÷,		3	Ð
6	1MV20ME013	DHARSHAN YADAV K				3	James
7	1MV20ME015	DINESH M				3	Dimen
8	1MV20ME016	DIVYA K				3	Jac
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PROFESSOR & HEAD Department of Mechanical Engineering Sir M. Visvosvaraya Institute of Techonology Bengaluru-562 157



# Department of Mechanical Engineering Sir M. Visvesvaraya Institute of Technology, Bengaluru 56 2157

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PROFESSOR & HEAD Properties of Mechanical Engineering Chapter of Mechanical Engineering State Visvesvaraya Institute of Techonology Berigaluru-562 157 Berigaluru-562 157

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PROFESSOR & HEAD



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PROFESSOR & HEAD Department of Mechanical Engineering Sir M. Visvesvaraya Institute of Techonolgy Bengaluru-562 157

# IndoSkill Feedback Form Cumulative Report

Batch: 5th sem, Department of Mechanical Engineering, Sir MVIT, Bengaluru Workshop: Python Programming with Application Projects & Solutions Date:1st to 3rd December 2022 No. of Students Feedback Responses: 78



Rating: 5 – Excellent, 4 - Very Good, 3 – Good, 2 – Fair, 1 – Poor

SI no	Questions	Overall Rating (out of 5)
1	The content shared was valuable and was clear and to the level of my understanding	4.62
2	The training is applicable to my role and will support me in my functional role	4.50
3	The trainer was able to give me hands-on experience and demo which made it easier for me to follow	4.72
4	The training was structured and time management was well planned	4.47
5	How knowledgeable was the trainer	4.82
6	The presentation was good and queries/doubts raised were answered	4.74
7	Overall Rating	4.65

# Feedback link:

https://docs.google.com/forms/d/11zNa7VPpOsjUxPBNU\_XQbqUCdKZa3tU9s3qIIFyLP-4/ edit

### Response Sheet link:

https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1gOJq0GK-PR9KXazwrtBuR5ruwVdGHf4euXAs g-2\_amU/edit#gid=52999204

> For Indoskill Mohammed Azhar Hussain Ph: 9738802359 / 9743396604 CTO - Aqmenz Automation Pvt Ltd Bangalore - 32

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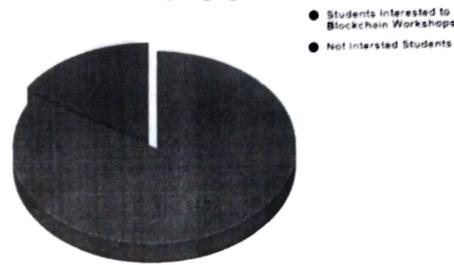
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www.indoSkill.in

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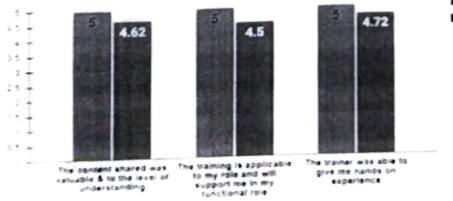
# Student's Feedback:



SDP65\_MVIT\_ME\_Feedback - 1st to 3rd Dec 2022

- Students Interested to Join AIML & Blockchain Workshops in Future

SDP65\_MVIT\_ME\_Feedback - 1st to 3rd Dec 2022



🖀 Max. Rating Student's Rating -----

2

### SIR M VISVESVARAYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, BANGALORE DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Submitted to the Principal:

TO DAY INSPITUTED	28.04.2022
SL. No. 388.	CH.
2. Date 02914122	00
nel 05 * BANGALORE-562 151	

Through: Proper channel

Subject : Request for approval to conduct "3 days National Level Workshop on Design and Development of Quadcopter UAV with Payload Delivery" for the Students and Sanction of Rs. 16.600=00 (Rupees Sixteen thousand six hundred only) for the same.

With reference to the above, we would like to conduct a 3 days National Level Workshop on Design and Development of Quadcopter UAV with Payload Delivery for our students and students from other colleges, to enhance their domain knowledge and employability skills.

Mr. A.J. Arun Jeya Prakash Co-Founder & CEO Aviocian Technologies Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi is the resource person.

This programme is planned to be conducted in the month of June 2022 for 3 days. This programme has been planned to provide the knowledge in UAV/Drone technologies and make the students to innovate new ideas & products for the betterment of mankind. Importance of this programme and approximate budget details are herewith enclosed.

This National level workshop is being organized to celebrate the Silver Jubilee Year of Visvesvaraya Technological University, which came into existence in1998. This workshop is envisioned to realize Sustainable Development Goals (Quality Education & Gender Equality) as accepted by NITI Ayoga of Government of India

Hence, we request your kind self to accord your perusal to carry out the same by providing financial assistance of **Rs. 16,600=00** (Rupees Sixteen thousand six hundred only).

Sabmitted to the principal. Covered six Kindly do the needful & Oblige. Respected Sir The nortohow has been planned as per the diwchen of VTU to celebrate the Silver jubilec Year of the University. The typic is VERY Worful to the Students of HECH/ECE/EEE/TE/ CIVIL. The Korkshop for holl be collected from **Co-ordinators** : 1. Dr. V. Shantha 2. Mr. Mahaboob Basha D **Co-Cordinators**: the participants the request the different amount of to 16,6001 - to organise the Louterbop. Details are enclosed in your tind reference 1. Mr. Khalique Ejaz Ahmed USa 2. Mr. Janardhan K ... Ja 3. Asha Rani A Mentor: Dr.K.S. Shanmukharadhya PROFESSOR & HE Encl: HOD, NECHDED? 1. VTU Circular 2. About the Company, workshop & Resource person 3. Programme Schedule A. Budget Proposal by Re with following con a rejurtelsi madental al support Restor - Boolo, without any further finapp



# SIR M VISVESVARAYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY BANGALORE – 562 157

# DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

# Three days National Level Workshop "Design and Development of Quadcopter UAV with Payload Delivery"

The workshop of UAV was conducted on 15-12-2022 to 17-12-2022, Mr Arun Jeya Prakesh Director and CEO of Aviocian Technologies Pvt Ltd was the Resource Person.

The workshop was divided into the following phases like

- Concept Orientation: Understanding Drone, Physics, Avionics, Challenges involved.
- Design and Simulation: 3D Model Design, Structure Analysis of Quadcopter Drone.
- Hands on Practical: Developing a complete Quadcopter Drone with all calibration and integration.
- Application of Drone for payload delivery.

The highlights of this workshop was

- It's open to all branches of Engineering.
- Drone Design, Analysis, hands on experience.

Concept Orientation: Understanding Drone, Physics, Avionics, Challenges involved in Design and Simulation, 3D Model Design, Structure Analysis of Quadcopter Drone. Hands on Practical Developing a complete Quadcopter Drone with all calibration and integration.

The students were Inspired and obtained knowledge in various new technologies and innovative ideas.Mentor: Dr. K S Shanmukharadhya, HOD

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Faculty Coordinators: Dr V Shantha

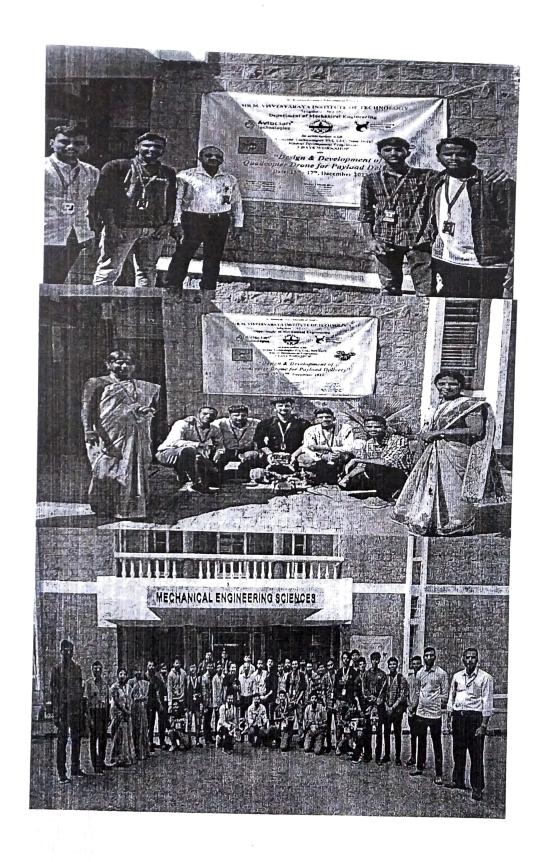
Mr K Ejaz Ahmed Mr Janardhana K Mrs Asha Rani

K









### SIR M. VISVESVARAYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, BANGALORE DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Date: 17.12.2022

# "Design and Development of Quadcopter UAV with Payload Delivery"

Feedback

The workshop of UAV was conducted on 15-12-2022 to 17-12-2022

Student Name: Puneeth. J Semester/Branch: ME /6th Email id.: puneeth 3812 gmail.com USN: IMVAIME42

Contact No .: 959087753

Sl. No		Excel lent	Very Good	Good	Satisf actory
1	Topic selected for the program	~			•
2	Demonstration Professionalism		V		
3	Did the program enhance your Placement Skills in Individual & team work?				
4	Did the program enhance your skills in communicating effectively with the engineering community?	~			
5	Does the obtained knowledge is useful in understanding the engineering & Placement activities?		$\checkmark$	-	
6	Overall how would you rate this program?				
	Suggestions to improve: Tew more SDPs in Future				
		S	ignature o	of the Stud	lent



DRONE FOR PAYLOAD DELIVERY" organized by the Department of Mechanical Engineering at Sir M. Visvesvaraya Institute of Technology, Bengaluru from 15th Dec. 2022 to 17th Dec. 2022.



A.J. Arun Jeya Prakash

Director & CEO Aviocian Technologies Pvt. Ltd

Dr. K.S. Shanmukharadhya

Prof. & Head, Dept of Mech. Engg. Sir MVIT

Prof. Rakesh S G

Principal Sir MVIT



Coordinators: Dr. V. Shantha, K. Ejaz Ahmed, Janardhana K, Asha Rani A

# Sir M. Visvesvaraya Institute of Technology, Bengaluru-562157

### Department of Mechanical Engineering

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Date: 20-06-2023

SUBMITTED TO THE PRINCIPAL:

Subject: Permission to organize Four Day Student Development Programme during 26/06/2023 to 30/06/2023- Tentatively.

Purpose/Justification of SDP: With respect to the above subject the following coordinators from Department of Mechanical Engineering would like to organize Four day student development program in the department of Mechanical Engineering on "REAL-WORLD MACHINE LEARNING APPLICATIONS - DEVELOPMENT & DEPLOYMENT" in association with M/S Aqmenz Automation Pvt. Ltd., Bengaluru-32 for 4<sup>th</sup> & 6<sup>th</sup> semester mechanical engineering students. M/S Aqmenz Automation Pvt. Ltd., has been identified as resource company in giving successful hands on training in Machine Learning & its applications. They have also given successful training at various universities/ institution like M S Ramaiah Institute of Technology, Reva university, Nitte Meenakshi Institute of Technology, Gitam, JSSATEB, BMSIT, EWIT, Sapthagiri engineering college, Acharya Institutes etc.

The objective of this SDP is mainly to focus on training of students to develop coding skills in Machine Learning with hands on session. Machine Learning is a branch of Artificial Intelligence (AI) which focuses on the use of data and algorithms to imitate the way that humans learn, gradually improving its accuracy. This particular programme will be very helpful for mechanical engineering students studying subjects like mechatronics and also for the students who take up inter-disciplinary subjects under open electives schemes. Student will get benefitted in terms of knowledge & skills which will help them to undertake various mechatronics based innovative projects. Keeping this in mind, this particular student development programme has been identified.

The details of the SDP are enclosed hereby for your kind perusal. We request you to kindly give the permission to conduct this Four Day SDP without involving financial assistance from the management.



provided Cul-21/6

IDAC CORDINATOR SIRM. VISVESYMENTAL PICTURE OF TECHNOLOGY BECHCIAL URU - 5100 157



Sri Krishnadevaraya Educational Trust Sir M. Visvesvaraya Institute of Technology, Bengaluru-562 157 Department of Mechanical Engineering

Date: 03/07/2023

## REPORT

### ON

# 4-DAYS STUDENT DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM ON "REAL-WORLD MACHINE LEARNING APPLICATIONS -DEVELOPMENT & DEPLOYMENT"

IN

# ASSOCIATION WITH AQMENZ AUTOMATION PVT. LTD., BENGALURU

	Day-1 26/06/2023
	(9.00am TO 4.15PM)
9.00AM	STUDENT REGISTRATIONS FROM 9.00AM TO 9.30AM
To 9.30 AM	<b>TOTAL NUMBER OF REGISTRATIONS: 74</b>
9.40AM	Inaugural function – Welcome address by the student
	Mr Puneeth – USN:
	Motivational address by the Head of the Department
To	Dr K S Shanmukharadhya
10AM	Introduction to the program by
	Mr. Mohammad Azar, Resource person
	Vote of Thanks
	Dr G Balakumar, Assoc. Prof., Faculty coordinator
10AM	
То	Teak Break
10.15AM	Forenoon Session:10.15AM TO 12.50PM
10.15 AM	What is Machine Learning & its Applications, Anaconda & Spider IDE
То	Installation, Numpy Library: Numpy arrays, Mathematical & statistical functions,

12 50PM	Pandas Library: Series & Data Frames creation, Data Exploration Methods - indexing, Slicing, Filtering, Merge, Apply and concat functions
10 138PM	Lunch Break
	Afternoon Session: 1.35PM TO 4.15PM
1.35PM To 3.00PM	Example Project1:Data Exploration & Analysis on Titanic Dataset, Matplotlib graphs: Line graph, Scatter plot, bar graph, Histogram & Pie chart, Graphs in Sea Born Library 1
3.00PM To 3.15PM	Teak Break
3.15PM To 4.15PM	Distplot, Box Plot, Countplot & Heatmap, Data wrangling in Machine Learning. Example Project2: Data cleaning of Big Mart & Titanic Dataset, Assessment

Day-2 27/06/2023	Forenoon Session: 9.00AM TO 12.50 PM
9.00AM To 11.00AM	Data visualization - Univariate, Bivariate & Multivariate Analysis, Feature Engineering with Practical Example, Data Encoding Methods: Labeling, One hot
11AM To 11.15AM	Teak Break
11.15 AM To 12.50PM	Binary with practical projects, Train Test Split in Machine Learning, Feature Scaling with Example Projects
12.50PM To 1.35PM	Lunch Break
ing a strain and the factor of the strain of the state of the strain of	Afternoon Session: 1.35PM TO 4.15PM
1.35РМ То 3.00РМ	Machine Learning Models - Regression & Classification, Introduction to Regression Models - Linear Regression, Multilinear Regression, SVR
3.00PM To 3.15PM	Teak Break
3.00PM Fo 4.15PM	Project 1: Salary Prediction based on Experience, Project 2: Predictive model building for Sales based on Advertising features, Assessment - 2



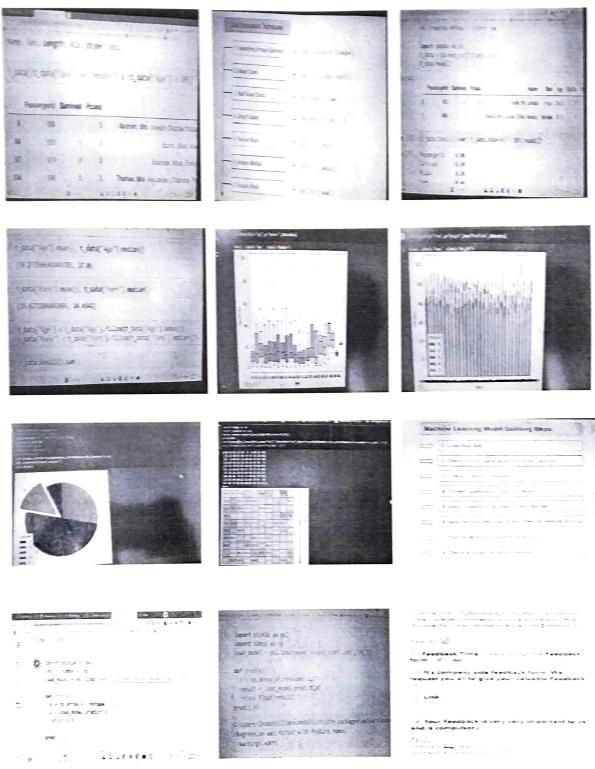
Day-3	Forenoon Session: 9.00AM TO 12.50PM
28/06/2023	
9.00AM	Classification Models - Logistic Regression, Decision Tree Classifier,
То	Random Forest, KNN, Project 3: Lung Cancer Prediction using
11.00AM	Classification Models & Deployment
11AM	Teak Break
То	
11.15AM	and UADL & Decision
11.15 AM	Project 4: Classification of Iris species using SVM, KNN & Decision
То	Tree, Git Hub Installation, GitHub Setup & Remote Repository Creation.
12.50PM	Pushing the Repositories to GitHub Server
12.50PM	Lunch Break
То	
1.35PM	
	Afternoon Session:1.35PM TO 4.15PM
1.35PM	Streamlit Library installation, Introduction to Model Deployment & cloud
То	Platforms, Model Deployment on Production Server using streamlit
3.00PM	
3.00PM	Teak Break
То	
3.15PM	
3.00PM	Car Sales Prediction using Linear Regression & Deployment using
То	streamlet, Assessment-3,
4.15PM	

Day-4	Forenoon Session: 9.00AM TO 12.50PM
28/06/2023	
9.00AM	Project Allocation - each student will be allocated a project. Project
То	abstract Preperation
11.00AM	
11AM	Teak Break
То	
11.15AM	
11.15 AM	Project Data collection & reading, Project code optimization,
То	
12.50PM	
12.50PM	Lunch Break
То	
1.35PM	
	Afternoon Session: 1.35PM TO 4.30 PM
1.35PM	Project Deployment - Streamlit or Gradio platform
То	



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#### GLIMSE OF THE 4-DAYS SDP





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Welcome address by the student coordinator



ntroduction talk by the Resource Person Mr. Mohammad Azhar ,



Vote of Thanks by the faculty coordinator

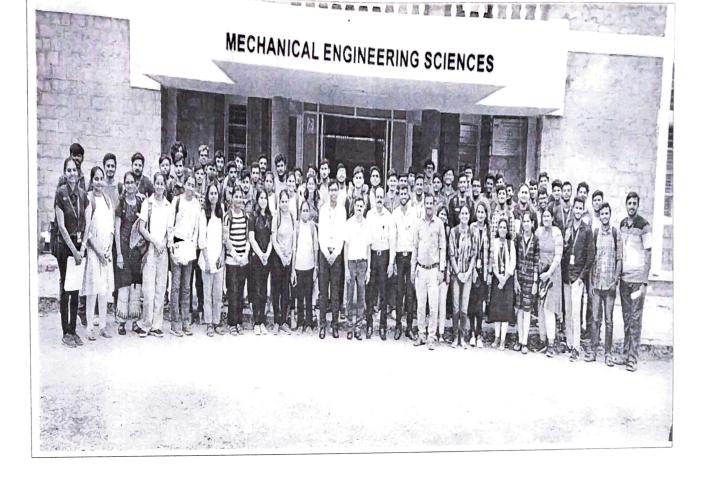




Hands on session



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## **Staff- Coordinators:**

Dr G Balakumar

Assoc. prof

Nataraj M Assit. Prof.

K Madhukumar K Assit. Prof.

14/2.07.2023

HoD

PROFESSOR & HEAD Department of Mechanical Engineering Sir M. Visvesveraya Institute of Techonolgy Bengaluru-562 157

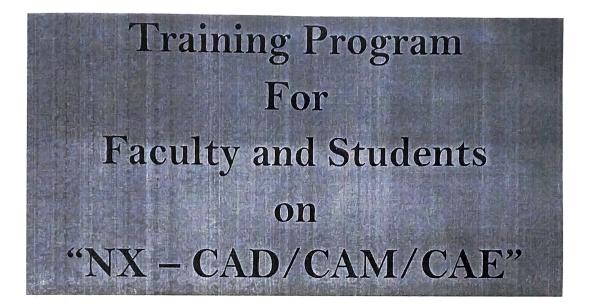
IQAC COORDINATOR SIR M. VISVESVARAYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY BENGAL (TEL) - SEE 157





Sir M. Visvesvaraya Institute of Technology – Bengaluru Department of Mechanical Engineering

Date: 13.03.2023



Date: 14 – 18, March – 2023

## Time: 10 am – 04 pm

Venue:

Siemens Advanced Analysis Laboratory (M205)

## **Program Coordinator:**

Dr. Prashant S Humnabad PI – AICTE MODROB Project Assistant Professor Department of Mechanical Engineering Sir MVIT, Bengaluru - 562157

COORDINATOR SIR M. VISVESVARAYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY BENGALURU - 562 11

# Event Report

Title of the Event	Training program for faculty and students on NX – CAD/CAM/CAE
Event Organizer(s)	Dr. Prashant S Humnabad, Asst. Professor, Dept. of Mechanical Engineering
Event Venue	Slemens Advance Analysis Lab (M205), Department of Mechanical Engineering.
Event Start Date	14.03 2023
Event End Date	18.03 2023
went Objectives	

Event Objectives

Hands on Training on NX - CAD/CAM/CAE Tools

delivers products "right to the market, first time." fewer, costly, physical prototypes. This powerful and flexible product development solution NX CAD empowers designers to achieve faster results using more virtual product models and

# 1. Assemblies

recycles, as well as better analysis. time by 50%, and some up to 65%. NX has led to a reduction in the number of design Multiple automotive suppliers and industrial design firms have reported a reduction in design

working together, NX gives you the flexibility to work top-down or bottom-up, and access any part of the hierarchy. Assembly design is one key factor in reducing design time. With so many different parts

changing multiple parts-those parts update for you And, with a "design in context" approach, you can quickly test ideas and new designs without



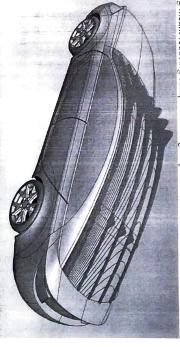
## 2. Modeling

body. Powerful, innovative modeling tools are a must for creating the multiple surfaces of a car

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freeform modeling capabilities. NX supports modeling of both complex surfaces and solid models, and has more advanced

means faster analysis and faster design iterations and alternatives. That improvement in modeling meant reducing component weight by more than 40% For one company specializing in advanced composites-based vehicles, modeling in NX



# 3. Shape Design

side mirrors formed? Spoilers? Or the unique look of some hoods and doors? Think about the different shapes, curves and cuts necessary in making a car today. How are

creating curves on surfaces and direct surface modeling tools to create quick concepts for initial design intent, then edit from there. simple designs just by extruding, sweeping, lofting and revolving its features. You also have NX Realize Shape software is dynamic and intuitive: you can create new shapes based on freeform shape design, similar to the freeform modeling capabilities. You can use simple This includes

## 4. Rendering

world materials that features will be made from. Render designs and design changes before manufacturing them. You can use specific real-

cycles. With unique rendering capabilities, you can skip costly prototyping steps, shortening design that there were 80% fewer issues after vehicles were released. manufacture improved their development cycle from 20 months to 10.5 months, and found Using NX for design and Teamcenter for data management, one major automobile

team members are efficient and accurate in their communication. images that can be used throughout design and manufacturing processes. This ensures that all High-quality rendering tools allow you to communicate your designs clearly and create

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#### 5. Sheet Metal Design

Create sheet metal component models using specific, feature-based tools for tabs, flanges and other necessary features. Sheet metal tools can be used to generate accurate flat pattern data for downstream applications from solids, sheets and wireframe geometry.

NX offers high-performance modeling, drafting and assembly design- powered by Synchronous Technology -that can't be beat. The product design tools, as well as potential data management capabilities, make this a complete solution, from design to production.

#### Name of the Event Coordinator(s): Dr. Prashant S Humnabad Designation: Assistant Professor

Signature:

Name of the Event Chair/HoD: Dr. K S Shanmukharadhya Designation: - HOD - MED

Signature:

mo PROFESSOR & HEAD Department of Mechanical Engineering Sir M. Visvesvaraya Institute of Techonolgy Bengaluru-562 157 01 H 13

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## Related photographs



NX-CAD hands on session



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### Sri Krishnadevaraya Educational Trust Sir M. Visvesvaraya Institute of Technology, Bengaluru-562 157 Department of Mechanical Engineering

#### 2022\_23

SI.No	USN	STUDENT NAME	Enrolled for SDP/Course/ etc	Date
l	1MV20ME008	Bharatha H S	Auto Desk Fusion 360	01.06.2023-10.07.2023
2	1MV20ME024	Mallikarjan Sajjan	Auto Desk Fusion 360	01.06.2023-10.07.2023
3	1MV20ME025	Mayur Prakash	Auto Desk Fusion 360	01.06.2023-10.07.2023
4	1MV20ME044	Venkatesh	Auto Desk Fusion 360	01.06.2023-10.07.2023
5	1MV21ME440	Sumeet Hugar	Auto Desk Fusion 360	01.06.2023-10.07.2023
6	1MV20ME006	Anup Nirmal Abraham	Auto Desk Fusion 360	01.06.2023-10.07.2023

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PROFESSOR & HEAD Department of Mechanical Engineering Sir M. Visvesvaraya Institute of Techonolgy Bengaluru-562 157

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#### CERTIFICATE OF COMPLETION

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3 Off International Airport Road, Hunasamaranahalli, Bengaluru North - 562157



Department of Computer Science & Engineering

2022-23

SI. No.	Name of SDP	Date(From-to)	Number of students enrolled for the Course
1	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23	116

IQAC COORDINATOR SIR M. VISVESVARAYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY BENGALURU - 562 157 PROF & HEAD DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGG Sir M Visvesvaraya Institute of Technology Hunasamaranahalli Off Internationa: Air Port Road, Bangalore-562157.



## SIR M. VISVESVARAYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

## **ACTIVITY REPORT ON**

## HANDS ON STUDENT DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM ON "INTERNET ON THINGS"

## 11<sup>TH,</sup> 12<sup>TH</sup> & 13<sup>TH</sup> APRIL 2023

ACADEMIC YEAR 2022-2023



## SIR M VISVESVARAYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

BANGALORE

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

Ref.No: Dept. of CSE. / 2022-23

Date: 16 -02-2023

The Principal, Sir MVIT, Bengaluru-562157.

Respected Sir,

Sub: Permission to conduct Student Develop Programme on IOT-reg.

With reference to above subject, the department is planning to organize student development programme on IOT as per the curriculum requirement dated on 23<sup>rd</sup> and 24<sup>th</sup> February 2023. Kindly request to give permission for organizing SDP on IOT.

This is for your kind information and perusal.

Thanking you

)emilea

yours faithfully

Doulty

Dr. T.N Anitha Prof& Head. Dept of CSE, Sir MVIT. **PROF & HEAD** TE OF TECHNOLOGY DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGG

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## SRI KRISHNADEVARAYA EDUCATIONAL TRUST SIR M. VISVESVARAYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

(Affiliated to VTU Helagavi, Recognized by AICTH and Accredited by NBA & NAAC) Krishnadevarayanagar, Off International Airport Road, Hunasamarahanahalli, Bengaluru - 562 157







DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING PRESENTS

# STUDENT DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM ON "INTERNET OF THINGS"

DATE : 11-12-13 APRIL 2023 VENUE : CS SEMINAR HALL

# Dr. Sreenivasa Setty

CTO SST Technologies Bangalore

Organizers Dr. Savita Chaudhary Mr. Suraj Kumar BP

Convenver Dr. T.N Anitha Professor & HOD





Department of Computer Science & Engineering

2022-23

SI.No	USN	STUDENT NAME	Enrolled for SDP	Date( from and to)
1	1MV19CS001	AAKASH TYAGI	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
2	1MV19CS002	ABHIGYAN SINGH	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
3	1MV19CS003	ABHISHEK SINGH	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
4	1MV19CS004	ADARSH SANGAM	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
5	1MV19CS005	ADARSHA S V	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
6	1MV19CS006	ADITI SINGH	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
7	1MV19CS007	ADITYA	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
8	1MV19CS008	AKARSH MISHRA	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
9	1MV19CS009	AKARSH N	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
10	1MV19CS010	AKHIL S	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
11	1MV19CS011	ALVAKONDA KRISHNA SAI	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
12	1MV19CS012	AMITH G	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
13	1MV19CS013	ANANYA PRIYA	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
14	1MV19CS016	ANURAG YADAV	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
15	1MV19CS017	ANUSHA GUPTA	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
16	1MV19CS018	ANUSHKA AMAN	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
17	1MV19CS020	ARATHI M	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
18	1MV19CS021	ARAVIND GUDAPATI	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
19	1MV19CS022	ARJUN A	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
20	1MV19CS023	ARJUN GARG	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23

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E.D.

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Sir M Visvesvaraya Institute of Technology. Bangalore



### SIR M. VISVESVARAYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY Bengaluru-562157

Department of Computer Science & Engineering

2022-23

Sl.No	USN	STUDENT NAME	Enrolled for SDP	Date( from and to)
1	1MV19CS001	AAKASH TYAGI	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
2	1MV19CS002	ABHIGYAN SINGH	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
3	1MV19CS003	ABHISHEK SINGH	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
4	1MV19CS004	ADARSH SANGAM	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
5	1MV19CS005	ADARSHA S V	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
6	1MV19CS006	ADITI SINGH	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
7	1MV19CS007	ADITYA	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
8	1MV19CS008	AKARSH MISHRA	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
9	1MV19CS009	AKARSH N	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
10	1MV19CS010	AKHIL S	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
11	1MV19CS011	ALVAKONDA KRISHNA SAI	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
12	1MV19CS012	AMITH G	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
13	1MV19CS013	ANANYA PRIYA	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
14	1MV19CS016	ANURAG YADAV	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
15	1MV19CS017	ANUSHA GUPTA	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
16	1MV19CS018	ANUSHKA AMAN	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
17	1MV19CS020	ARATHI M	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
18	1MV19CS021	ARAVIND GUDAPATI	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
19	1MV19CS022	ARJUN A	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
20	1MV19CS023	ARJUN GARG	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23

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DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGG PROF & HEAD Sir M. Visvesvaraya Institute of Technology Hunasamaranahalli, Off International Air Port Road, Bangalore-562157.



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## SIR M. VISVESVARAYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY Bengaluru-562157

## Department of Computer Science & Engineering

#### 2022-23

Sl.No	USN	STUDENT NAME	Enrolled for SDP	Date( from and to)
21	1MV19CS024	ARPIT DUTT DIXIT	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
22	1MV19CS025	ARTHIK SHETTY	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
23	1MV19CS027	AYSIRI CHIDANANDA	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
24	1MV19CS030	B AMAAN AHMED	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
25	1MV19CS031	BADAL RATHI	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
26	1MV19CS032	BHARGAVI	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
27	1MV19CS033	BHAVANA BHASKAR HEGDE	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
28	1MV19CS034	C CHITHRA LEKHA	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
29	1MV19CS035	CHAITANYA KRISHNA PEDDI	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
30	1MV19CS036	CHAMARTHI OM NAGA SAI MANI PAVAN	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
31	1MV19CS038	CHANDRASHEKAR	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
32	1MV19CS039	CHINMAYI	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
33 .	1MV19CS040	DIVYA DRISHTI	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
	1MV19CS041	EKANT	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
35	1MV19CS042	G SATISH	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
35	1MV19CS042	GANNE BHANUTEJA	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
30	1MV19CS043	GAURAV KUMAR	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
38	1MV19CS045	GAURAV V SALGAONKAR	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
39	1MV19CS046	GORLA VANDANA	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
40	1MV19CS047	HARIPRIYA DG	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23





## Department of Computer Science & Engineering

2022-23

SI.No	USN	STUDENT NAME	Enrolled for SDP	Date( from and to)
41	1MV19CS048	HARSHINI C M	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
42	1MV19CS049	HARSHLEEN KAUR	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
43	1MV19CS050	HITESH A	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
44	1MV19CS051	INDU J A	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
45	1MV19CS052	ISHAN PATNI	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
46	1MV19CS053	JYOTSNA A PATEL	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
47	1MV19CS054	K KANCHANA	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
48	1MV19CS055	K KAVYA	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
49	1MV19CS056	KAVITA BASAPPA MELMARI	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
50	1MV19CS057	ΚΑΥΥΑ Ν	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
51	1MV19CS058	KRATIK SINGHAL	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
52	1MV19CS060	KUNAL TAPSE	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
53	1MV19CS061	KURUBA GEETHIKA	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
54	1MV19CS062	KUSHAL S K	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
55	1MV19CS064	M R HARIKRISHNA	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
56	1MV19CS065	M S SUDHIR SRINIVAS	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
57	1MV19CS066	M SHREYA	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
58	1MV19CS070	MOHAMMED AMMAR AHMED TAHA	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
59	1MV19CS072	MOHITH AN	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
60	1MV19CS073	MONIKA N	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23

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## Department of Computer Science & Engineering

2022-23

SI.No	USN	STUDENT NAME	Enrolled for SDP	Date( from and to)
61	1MV19CS074	MUKUND PAREEK	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
62	1MV19CS075	NANDAN R	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
63	1MV19CS076	NIDHI R SHETTY	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
64	1MV19CS077	NIHARIKA S	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
65	1MV19CS078	NIRMAL SINGH	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
66	1MV19CS079	NISHANTH R	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
67	1MV19CS080	PABBATHI JAHNAVI	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
68	1MV19CS081	PAVITRA RAMACHANDRA GOUDA	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
69	1MV19CS082	PIYUSH VERMA	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
70	1MV19CS084	PRAJWAL	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
71	1MV19CS085	PRAKHAR	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
72	1MV19CS087	PRUTHVI R	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
73	1MV19CS088	PRUTHVIKA S	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
74	1MV19CS089	R CHARAN KUMAR REDDY	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
75	1MV19CS091	RAYANNAGARI SREEHARI	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
76	1MV19CS092	REHAN NADEEMULLA	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
77	1MV19CS093	RISHITA GOYAL	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
78	1MV19CS094	SAMPAT KUNDANAGAR	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
79	1MV19CS096	SATYAM SHREE	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
80	1MV19CS097	SAYAN SADHUKHA	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23

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## Department of Computer Science & Engineering

#### 2022-23

SI.No	USN	STUDENT NAME	Enrolled for SDP	Date( from and to)
81	1MV19CS098	SERENE JOSHI	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
82	1MV19CS099	SHARANYA C H	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
83	1MV19CS100	SHAURYAM JAIN	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
84	1MV19CS101	SHIVA SHARANYA S	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
85	1MV19CS102	SHREY RAJ	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
86	1MV19CS103	SHREYA RAJ	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
87	1MV19CS104	SIDHANT KAUL	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
88	1MV19CS105	SIIVEI KS	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
89	1MV19CS106	SUDHIKSHA R	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
90	1MV19CS107	SUHAS M	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
91	1MV19CS108	SUMIT JHA	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
92	1MV19CS109	SUNDER SINGH	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
93	1MV19CS110	SUSMITA DEBNATH	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
94	1MV19CS111	TADIKONDA HARSHITHA	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
95	1MV19CS112	TANYA P BOBICHAN	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-2
96	1MV19CS113	TEJASVI KANNAN	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-2
97	1MV19CS114	THEJA K V	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-2
98	1MV19CS115	THIPPANNAGARI THARUN KUMAR REDDY	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-2
99	1MV19CS118	VARTIKA SHARMA	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-2
100	1MV19CS120	VATHSALA R S	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-





## Department of Computer Science & Engineering

2022-23

Sl.No	USN	STUDENT NAME	Enrolled for SDP	Date( from and to)
101	1MV19CS121	VATSAL JAIN	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
102	1MV19CS123	VIKYATH SHETTY	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
103	1MV19CS124	<b>VINAYAKA BV</b>	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
104	1MV19CS125	VISHAL N M	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
105	1MV19CS126	VIVEKANANDA SWAMI KALMAT	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
106	1MV19CS127	VYLERI KZEKHE SHANTHANU	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
107	1MV19CS128	YASHASWINI S	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
108	1MV19CS129	YASHWANTH L NALLA	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
109	1MV19CS130	YOGESH R BHANGIGOUDRA	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
110	1MV20CS400	ABHISHEK	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
111	1MV20CS401	KARTHICK PM	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
112	1MV20CS403	MADHUSHREE N	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
113	1MV20CS407	NANDINI	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
114	1MV20CS408	PRIYA GB	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
115	1MV20CS409	RAKESH GR	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23
116	1MV20CS410	RANJITHA SM	Workshop On IoT	11-04-23 to 13-04-23

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PROF & HEAD DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGG Sir M. Visvesvaraya Institute of Technology Hunasamaranahalli. Off International Air Port Road, Bangalore-562157.



944, 16<sup>th</sup> Cross, 1st Stage Kumara Swamy layout, Bengaluru 560078, Karnataka, India

www.ssttech.in +91-95910 91444

## Two Day's Hands-on Skill Development Program on "IoT and its Application using NodeMCU" **Program Schedule**

14	
Day-1:	
9:00 am – 9.30am	Download and Install Arduino IDE Software Install the ESP 8266 been listed to be a software
9:30 am - 10:45 am	Introduction to SST-Nod-MGW
- The second sec	Programming Only 17 Project Board GPIO Pins
10:45 am - 11:00 am	Programming Onboard LED to Blink( GPIO2 and GPIO16) Tea Break
11:00 am - 12:00 pm	Interface Toggle Switch to NodeMCU (GPIO16). Write a Program in C to Control LED which is connected at GPIO15 using Togel and it is
	LED which is connected when to NodeMCU (GPIO16). Write a Program in C to Control
12:00 pm - 1:00 pm	LED which is connected at GPIO15 using Toggle switch. Preliminaries of Light Dependent Preliminaries of Light Dependent Preliminarie
	I rogram in C to read intensity of Light and display it on Social Maniter
1 1.00	
1:00 pm - 2:00 pm	Lunch Break
2:00 pm - 4:00 pm	Download and install Bluetooth Serial16 App.
	Interface Bluetooth (HC-05) and LED with NodeMCU. Write a
	Program in C to Control LED (On/Off) using Bluetooth Serial
	Controller App.

## Day-2:

The second of the second	
9:00 am – 9.30am	Introduction to Blynk Server. Download and Install Blynk App from Play Store.
9:30 am - 10:45 am	Interface DHT11 (Temperature and Humidity) Sensor with ESP8266. Write a program in C to display temperature and humidity on Serial Monitor.
10:45 am - 11:00 am	Tea Break
11:00 am - 1:00 pm	Interface LED with ESP8266 and Design Graphical User Interface (GUI) using Web Dashboard (Blynk Server) and Control LED (On/Off) using Web Dashboard.
1:00 pm - 2:00 pm	Lunch Break
2:00 pm - 4:00 pm	Interface DHT11 (Temperature and Humidity) Sensor with ESP8266. Write a program in C to display temperature and humidity on Web Dashboard. (Using Blynk
	Server).

PROF & HEAD DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGG Sir M. Visvesvaraya Institute of Technology Hunasamaranahalli Off International Air Port Road, Bangalore-562157.

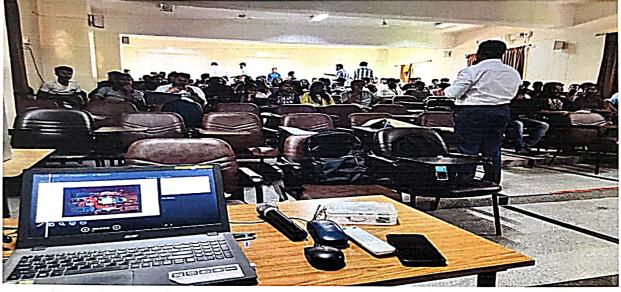
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Bangalore-562157.

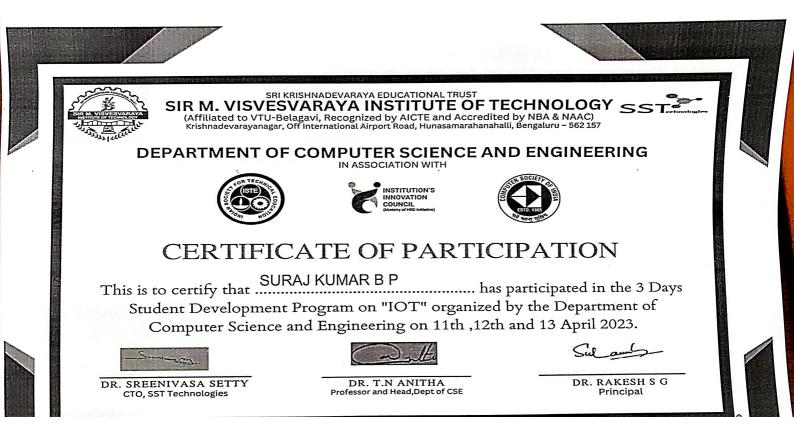
BENGALURU - 562 157







IQAO COORDINATOR SIR M. VISVESVARAA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY BENGALURU - 562 157 PROF & HEAD DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGG Sir M. Visvesvaraya Institute of Technology Hunasamaranahalli Off International Air Port Road, Bangalore-562157.



Timestamp	Email Address	Score	Full Name	Department	College	Designation	lf Student , USN	To what extent was the presenter knowledgeable, organized and effective in their presentation?	How might the format of this activity be improved to be most appropriate for the content presented? Select all that apply.	Please rate the overall aspects of this educational activity based on.	Educational Content	Relevance to Institution's need	Questions and Discussions	Oral Presentations	Quality of Presenters	Selection of Topics	Extent to which the content of event matched the announced	Overall Quality of the Event		Any other feedback
4/21/2023 14:57:37	surajmvit@gmail. com	0/1	SURAJ KUMAR B P	CSE	SIR MVIT	Faculty	NA	5	Format was Appropriate, No changes needed.		5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
4/21/2023 15:41:23	hod_cse@sirmvit .edu	0/1	DR T N ANITHA	CSE	SIR MVIT	Faculty	01	4	Format was Appropriate, No changes needed.	А	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	no	thing
4/21/2023 16:36:39	savitha_cs@sirm vit.edu	0/1	DR.SAVITA CHOUDHARY	CSE	SIR MVIT	Faculty	1077	5	Schedule more time for Q and A	Excellent	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	1	
4/21/2023 16:37:02	mayuri_cs@sirm vit.edu	0/1	MAYURI K P	CSE	SIR MVIT	Faculty	-	5	Format was Appropriate, No changes needed.	Content is needed and knowledge improved	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		ood and ormative
4/21/2023 16:39:19	yogeshbhangigou dra@gmail.com	0/1	YOGESH R BHANGIGOUDR A	CSE	SIR MVIT	Student	1MV19CS130	3	Include more case based presentations, Increase interactivity with attendees, Add Hands on Instructional component		4	4	3	4	4	4	4		4	
4/21/2023 16:39:29	vishalnm01@gm ail.com	0/1	VISHAL N M	CSE	SIR MVIT	Student	1MV19CS125	5	Add Breakouts for Subtopics		5	4	5	1	4 4	4	5	5	5	
4/21/2023 16:39:38	nishanthr878@g mail.com	0/1	NISHANTH R	CSE	SIR MVIT	Student	1MV19CS079	3	Increase interactivity with attendees, Add Breakouts for Subtopics		3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
4/21/2023 16:39:44	pruthviramesh.r2 002@gmail.com	0/1	PRUTHVI R	CSE	SIR MVIT	Student	1MV19CS087	5	Format was Appropriate, No changes needed.			5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	
4/21/2023 16:40:52	rehannadeemulla @gmail.com	0/1	REHAN NADEEMULLA	CSE	SIR MVIT	Student	1MV19CS092	4	Format was Appropriate, No changes needed.			4	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	
4/21/2023 16:41:15	ammargeeberns0 07@gmail.com	0/1	MOHAMMED AMMAR AHMED TAHA	CSE	SIR MVIT	Student	1MV19CS070	5	Format was Appropriate No changes needed.	Good		5	4	4	5	4	5	5	4	The session nice, but at 20 marks to it, wa awesom marks some interest

Timestamp	Email Addr	ess S	core Full Name		Department	na Designation	if Studen USN	To what extent was the presenter knowledgeble, organized and	uterine in their presentation? How might the format of this activity be improved to be most appropriate for the content presented? Select all that apply.	Please rate the overall aspects of this educational activity based on		Educational Content	Relevance to Institution's need	Questions and Discussions	Oral Presentations	Quality of Presenters	Selection of Topics	event matched the content of event matched the announced	Overall Quality of the Event Any other feedback
4/21/2023 16:47:1	7 kshitijgupta20 gmail.com	0@ 0	/ 1 KSHITU GUP	TA C	SE SIR MV	TT Stude	nt IMV19CS0	59 4	Include more case base presentations, Increase interactivity with attende	e and helpful		5	4	5	4	4	4	5	5 NA
4/21/2023 16:47:25	krishnasaialvak da@gmail.com		1 ALVAKONDA KRISHNA SAI		E SIR MV	IT Studer	t IMV19CS01	11 5	Format was Appropriate No changes needed.	e,	-	•	5	4	5	4	4	5	5
4/21/2023 16:49:51	chaitanya26ped @gmail.com	di 0/	1 CHAITANYA KRISHNA PED	DI CS	E SIR MVI	T Studen	t IMV19CS03	5 4	Add Breakouts for Subtopics		4	4		•	•	4	4 4		4
4/21/2023 16:51:08	pavanchamerthi 3@gmail.com	0 0/	CHAMARTHI O 1 NAGA SAI MA PAVAN		E SIR MVI	T Student	1MV19CS03	6 4	Format was Appropriate, No changes needed.		4	4	3	4	5	5 4	4 4		1
4/21/2023 16:52:47	indu23ja@gmail com	0/	I INDU J A	CSE		Student	1MV19CS051	4	Add Hands on Instructional component, Schedule more time for Q and A		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	
4/21/2023 16:53:38	radhika_cs@sirm vit.edu	0/1	R RADHIKA	CSE	SIR MVIT	Faculty	Faculty	5	Format was Appropriate, No changes needed.	Good	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	Good
4/21/2023 16:54:03	ayushm231@gm ail.com	0/1	A YUSH MISHRA	CSE	SIR MVIT	Student	1MV19CS029	3	Format was Appropriate, No changes needed.	5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	None
4/21/2023 16:58:43	badalrathi14@gm ail.com	0/1	BADAL RATHI	CSE	SIR MVIT	Student	1MV19CS031	5	Format was Appropriate, No changes needed.	The overall aspects of this educational activity was outstanding.	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	All the thing were good.
4/21/2023 16:59:12	haripriyadasari28 @gmail.com	0/1	HARIPRIYA.DG	CSE	SIR MVIT	Student	1MV19CS047	5	Format was Appropriate, No changes needed.	5/5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	
4/21/2023 17:00:20	ishanpatni01@g mail.com	0/1	ISHAN PATNI	CSE	SIR MVIT	Student	1MV19CS052	5	Include more case based presentations		2	2	4	1	1	5	4	1	
4/21/2023 17:00:52	dhivya_cs@sirmv it.edu	0/1	DHIVYA V	CSE	SIR MVIT	Faculty		4	Format was Appropriate, No changes needed.	Good	4	5	4	5	4	4	4	4	

Timestamp	Email Address	Score	Full Name	Department	College	Designation	if Student , USN	To what extent was the presenter knowledgeable, organized and effective in their presentation?	How might the format of this activity be improved to be most appropriate for the context presented? Select all that apply.	Please rate the overall aspects of this educational activity based on.	Educational Content	Relevance to Institution's need	Questions and Discussione	Oral Presentations	Quality of Presenters	Selection of Topics	Extent to which the content of event matched the announced	Overall Quality of the Event	Any other feedback
4/21/2023 17:35:06	supriya92_cs@sin mvit.edu	0/1	SUPRIYA	CSE	SIR MVIT	Faculty	No	5	Add Hands on Instructional component	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	Good session
4/21/2023 17:38:39	bhanuteja.ganne @gmail.com	0/1	GANNE BHANUTEJA	CSE	SIR MVIT	Student	1MV19CS043	4	Format was Appropriate, No changes needed, Include more case based presentations, Add Hands on Instructional component	Good	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	NA
4/21/2023 17:44:08	holladebhavana@ gmail.com	0/1	BHAVANA BHASKAR HEGDE	CSE	SIR MVIT	Student	1MV19CS033	5	Format was Appropriate, No changes needed.		5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	
4/21/2023 17:44:09	vandana95544@ gmail.com	0/1	VANDANA G	CSE	SIR MVIT	Student	1MV19CS046	4	Format was Appropriate, No changes needed., Include more case based presentations	It was useful	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	No
4/21/2023 17:44:32	charanrapati07@ gmail.com	0/1	R.CHARAN KUMAR REDDY	CSE	SIR MVIT	Student	1MV19CS089	4	Format was Appropriate, No changes needed., Include more case based presentations, Add Breakouts for Subtopics	Good	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	NA
4/21/2023 17:45:05	kavitabm075@g mail.com	0/1	KAVITA BASAPPA MELMARI	CSE	SIR MVIT	Student	1MV19CS056	5	Format was Appropriate, No changes needed.		5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	
4/21/2023 17:45:58	satishgadde10@g mail.com	0/1	G SATISH	CSE	SIR MVIT	Student	1MV19CS042	4	Format was Appropriate, No changes needed.		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	
4/21/2023 17:47:24	kaurharshleen123 @gmail.com	0/1	HARSHLEEN KAUR	CSE	SIR MVIT	Student	1MV19CS049	5	Format was Appropriate, No changes needed.	8/10	4	4	3	4	4	5	4	4	Excellen
4/21/2023 17:47:33	yaimarankhuman 2000@gmail.com	0/1	LAISHRAM YAIMARAN KHUMAN	CSE	SIR MVIT	Student	1MV19CS063	5	Format was Appropriate, No changes needed.		5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	

	1	1								
4/21/2023 18:52:44	4/21/2023 18:33:05	4/21/2023 18:29:26	4/21/2023 18:25:19	4/21/2023 18:03:55	4/21/2023 18:01:30	4/21/2023 17:53:34	4/21/2023 17:49:23	4/21/2023 17:48:29	4/21/2023 17:48:07	Timestamp
shanthanu2001@ gmail.com	piyushvrm07200 1@gmail.com	aditya27872014 @gmail.com	shauryam.jain@g mail.com	aakashtyagi232@ gmail.com	madhushreen 152 4@gmail.com	mvit.edu	yadavnandini777 9@gmail.com	anupchoudhary36 7@gmail.com	pavitragouda001 @gmail.com	Email Address
0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	1/0	1/0	0/1	0/1	Score
VYLERI KZEKHE SHANTHANU	PIYUSH VERMA	ADITYA	SHAURYAM JAIN	AAƘASH TYAGI	MADHUSHREE N	PRAGATHI M	NANDINI V	ANUP KUMAR	PAVITRA RAMACHANDRA GOUDA	Full Name
CSE	CSE	CSE	SE	CSE	CSE	CSE	CSE	CSE	CSE	Department
SIR MVIT	SIR MVIT	SIR MVIT	SIR MVIT	SIR MVIT	SIR MVIT	SIR MVIT	SIR MVIT	SIR MVIT	SIR MVIT	College
Student	Student	Student	Student	Student	Student	Faculty	Student	Student	Student	Designation
IMV19CS127	1MV19CS082	1MV19CS007	1MV19CS100	1MV19CS001	1MV20CS403	01413	IMV20CS407	IMV19CS015	1MV19CS081	lf Student , USN
ω.) : (	•	s	-	s	s	S	5	s	4	To what extent was the presenter knowledgeable, organized and effective in their presentation?
Format was Appropriate, No changes needed.	Format was Appropriate, No changes needed., Add Hands on Instructional component	Format was Appropriate, No changes needed.	Format was Appropriate, No changes needed., Include more case based presentations, Add Breakouts for Subtopics, Add Hands on Instructional component	Format was Appropriate, No changes needed.	Format was Appropriate, No changes needed.	Increase interactivity with attendees	Format was Appropriate, No changes needed.	Add Hands on Instructional component	Format was Appropriate, No changes needed.	How might the format of this activity be improved to be most appropriate for the content presented? Select all that apply.
Good				5/5	10/10	4	5/5		8/10	Please rate the overall aspects of this educational activity based on.
ω	4	v	-	s	s	S	S	s	s	Educational Content
ω	4	v	N	s	s	Ś	S	s	s	Relevance to Institution's need
ω	4	~	2	<b>N</b>	v L	*	v	v	s.	Questions and Discussions
ω	4	<u>ь</u>	и и	5	s	4	v	4	v	Oral Presentations
ω	4	5 5	5	5	5	4	5	5	<u>~</u>	Quality of Presenters
3	4	5	4	5	u	4	5	5	5 5	Selection of Topics Extent to which the content of
ω	4					-				event matched the announced
ω ,	4	v	4	s.	v	*	۰ -	×		Overall Quality of the Event
No					Overall good	No comments	Thank you, it was more helpful for us.		Nice experience	Any other feedback

σ

4/22/2023 20:13:12 b	4/22/2023 7:54:34	4/22/2023 1:01:12 a	4/22/2023 0:10:20	4/21/2023 22:23:39	4/21/2023 22:17:02	4/21/2023 21:51:16	4/21/2023 21:05:58	4/21/2023 19:35:26	4/21/2023 19:10:16	4/21/2023 18:57:15	Tinestamp
bhargavikharvi@ gmail.com	manumokshu15 @gmail.com	atul63098@gmail .com	yashwanthnalla12 @gmail.com	ananyapriya 1003 @gmail.com	guptaanusha1312 @gmail.com	yashaswinisraju @gmail.com	jahnavipabbathi8 12@gmail.com	anushkaaman.41 8@gmail.com	sumitjhaeluga@g mail.com	arthikshety@gma il.com	Email Address
0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	g 0/1	12 0/1	3 Score
BHARGAVI	UPPUGANDLA MANOJ KUMAR	ATUL SHARMA	YASHWANTH L NALLA	ANANYA PRIYA	ANUSHA GUPTA	YASHASWINI S	PABBATHI JAHNAVI	ANUSHKA AMAN	SUMIT JHA	ARTHIK SHETTY	re Full Name
CSE	CSE	CSE	CSE	CSE	CSE	CSE	CSE	CSE	CSE	TY CSE	Desident
SIR MVIT	SIR MVIT	SIR MVIT	SIR MVIT	SIR MVIT	SIR MVIT	SIR MVIT	E SIR MVIT	E SIR MVIT	E SIR MVIT	SE SIR MVIT	Department
Student 1	Student	Student	Student	Student	Student	Student	Student	Student	Student	Student	Designation
1MV19CS032	IMVI9CS117	1mv19cs026	1MV19CS129	1MV19CS013	1MV19CS017	1MV19CS128	1MV19CS080	1MV19CS018	1MV19CS108	1MV19CS025	lf Student, USN
S II	4 Sc	2 1	4 I	S	<b>с</b> ,	5	1	4	s	4	To what extent was the presenter knowledgeable, organized and effective in their presentation?
Include more case based presentations	Schedule more time for Q and A	Include more case based presentations	Include more case based presentations, Increase interactivity with attendees	Format was Appropriate, No changes needed.	Format was Appropriate, No changes needed, Include more case based presentations, Add Hands on Instructional component	Format was Appropriate, No changes needed.	Add Hands on Instructional component, Schedule more time for Q and A, Other	Add Breakouts tor Subtopics	Format was Appropriate, No changes needed.	Add Hands on Instructional component	
Was a good experience	Good	Best		It was outstanding			Average		Good one		Please rate the overall aspects of this educational activity based on.
s s	4	4 4	4 5	s s	4	v	1	4	ν	4	Educational Content
u	ω	4	3	4	4	5 4		4	5	4	
s	4	4	ω	s	4	4	-	4		4	Questions and Discussions
s	4	4	ω	s	S	4		4			Otal Presentations
σ	S	4	2	v	S	Ś	-	4			Quality of Presenters
S	4	s	ω	s	v	4	-	4		_	Extent to which the
s	4	5	ω	5	v	4	-	4		,   ,	announced
No	Overall it was good	Excellent		It was a very knowledgeable experience							Any other feedback

Timestamp	Email Address	Score	Full Name	Department	College	Designation	if Student , USN	To what extent was the presenter knowledgeable, organized and effective in their presentation?	How might the format of this activity be improved to be most appropriate for the context presented? Select all that apply.	Please rate the overall aspects of this educational activity based on.	Educational Control	Relevance to Institution-1-	Questions and Discuss.	Oral Pressions	Quality of h	Selection of Testaters	Extent to which the content of	Overall Quality of the France	Any other feedback
4/22/2023 20:15:53	chinmayibhat01 @gmail.com	0/1	CHINMAYI	CSE	SIR MVIT	Student	1MV19CS039	4	Increase interactivity with attendees, Add Breakouts for Subtopies, Add Hands on Instructional component		5	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	
4/22/2023 21:02:33	nidhirshetty3@g mail.com	0/1	NIDHI R SHETTY	CSE	SIR MVIT	Student	1MV19CS076	4	Format was Appropriate, No changes needed.	It was good	4	5	5	5	5	4	4	5	Nothing
4/23/2023 10:27:44	khushi2khanna@ gmail.com	0/1	DIVYA DRISHTI	CSE	SIR MVIT	Student	1MV19CS040	5	Format was Appropriate, No changes needed.	10/10	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	It was very good
4/23/2023 11:40:44	rahulghosh070@ gmail.com	0/1	RAHUL GHOSH	CSE	SIR MVIT	Student	1MV19CS090	4	Format was Appropriate, No changes needed.	It was quite complete in all aspects.	4	4	3	4	3	4	4	3	0
4/23/2023 21:45:06	amaanahmed645 @gmail.com		B AMAAN AHMED	CSE	SIR MVIT	Student	IMV19CS030	4	Other	uspeets.	4	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	
4/24/2023 10:32:09	sayansadhukha@ gmail.com		SAYAN SADHUKHA	CSE	SIR MVIT	Student	IMV19CS097	5	Format was Appropriate, No changes needed.	GOOD	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	
4/24/2023 11:08:38	arpitdixitc23@g mail.com		ARPIT DUTT DIXIT	CSE	SIR MVIT	Student	1MV19CS024	4	Increase interactivity with attendees, Add Hands on Instructional component	Great	5	4	4	3	5	4	4	4	

	~ Here		
From, Dr. Sasmita Mohapatra, Associate Professor Department of ECE,	Che X by	.06. V Stotan	Date: 20-07-2022
Sir MVIT. Through,	Celored V	1000 089 21/07/2	2 *
The HOD, Department of ECE, Sir I	it Mit		
To The Principal, Sir MVIT.	SVARATA INSTITUTE OF TECH	( Reputed F	Bud Adapporns by
Respected Sir,	4/5 * BANGAL ORE-562 151 *	Re A	Bud it d'apporte hy e- 36,000/-may

#### Sub: Seeking permission and financial assistance to conduct a 3 day inter college National Level Student Development Program – Reg. With references to the

With reference to the above subject, I would like to bring to your kind notice that Department of ECE under IEEE Student Branch want to conduct a 3-Day Student Development Program on "PCB Design and Fabrication for Industrial Products" on the dates 10<sup>th</sup>, 11<sup>th</sup> and 12<sup>th</sup> of August 2022. This program will be conducted for all the Students of circuit branches (open to ECE, TC and EEE). A total of 60 participants (45 internal candidates and 15 external candidates) both IEEE Student members and non-IEEE members from the above mentioned departments from different engineering colleges are expected to participate in the workshop. This will enable the students to design and develop their own PCB board and to perform product development. Participants will learn PCB design using DesignSpark PCB software. Each of the students will be supplied with all the equipments for designing and manufacturing of PCB with a unique circuitry.

A total expenditure of Rs.90,000/- (Ninety thousand only) is expected to incur during the workshop. A registration fee of Rs.300/- (rupees Three Hundred only) from all students is planned to be collected. A complete self developed PCB with mounted components will be given out to all the participants so that the students will carry out mini projects post workshop. A Sum of Rs. 18,000/- is expected to be collected via registrations. I humbly request your good self to permit me to conduct the workshop and financially Two Thousand Only). The detailed budget is been enclosed for your kind reference. This

Thanking you sir Yours sincerely, Asper revised mi tte segnestio (Dr. Sasmita Mohapatra) A Foliandal Interspe Calle eso

SRI KRISHNADEVARAYA EDUCATIONAL TRUST

No. 16, Ballari Road, Sadashivanagar, Bengaluru - 560 080

Ref.No.KET/SMVIT/ 59 /2022 – 2023 |453

YRR

Date: 17/08/2022

NOTE:

- Sub: Financial assistance for conduct a 3 day Inter College National Level Student Development Program for Electronics students.
- Ref: Letter from Dr. Sasmita Mohapatra, Associate Professor, Dept. of Electronics, dated 20/07/2022, signed by HOD and duly endorsed by the Principal No. 1548, dated 21/07/2022.

With reference to the above, this is to convey approval for organizing a 3-Day Student Development Programme (SDP) titled "PCB Design and Fabrication for Industrial Products" for of Electronics, Telecommunication and Electrical Engineering.

Rs. 36,000/- (Rupees Thirty Six Thousand only) is sanctioned to meet the expenditure. The amount may be drawn from the Principal's SB account and reimbursement claimed later with duly audited bills and vouchers.

(K. SYAMA RAJU) SECRETARY

To The Principal, Sir MVIT, Bengaluru.

Copy to:

- 1. The HOD, Dept. of Electronics, Sir MVIT, Bengaluru.
- 2. Dr. Sasmita Mohapatra, Associate Professor and Coordinator of the programme, Dept. of Electronics, Sir MVIT.
- 3. The Accounts Officer, Sri KET, Bengaluru.

Ву К

SRI KRISHNADEVARAYA EDUCATIONAL TRUST

No. 16, Ballari Road, Sadashiyanagar, Bengaluru - 560 080

Ref.No.KET/SMVIT/ 59 /2022 - 2023 453

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(K. SYAMA RAJU) SECRETARY

To The Principal, Sir MVIT, Bengaluru.

Copy to:

1. The HOD, Dept. of Electronics, Sir MVIT, Bengaluru.

 Dr. Sasmita Mohapatra, Associate Professor and Coordinator of the programme, Dept. of Electronics, Sir MVIT.

3. The Accounts Officer, Sri KET, Bengaluru.

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By K

# REGISTRATION FORM 3- Day National Level SDP on "PCB Design and Fabrication Using Innovative Methods For Industrial Products" Name : Department: Institution : Mobile: E-mail:

Signature of the Applicant Signature of HOD with seal

# **CHIEF PATRONS**

Dr. A.C Chandrashekar Raju Sri K.V Sekhar Raju Sri K Syama Raju Sri M.Venkataramana Raju Sri G Prabhakar Raju President, Sri KET Vice President, Sri KET Secretary, Sri KET Treasurer, Sri KET Academic Chairman

# ORGANISING CHAIR

Dr. V.R Manjunath Principal

## CONVENER

Dr. R. Sundaraguru Professor & HOD ECE

# CHIEF CO-ORDINATOR

Dr. Sasmita Mohapatra Associate Professor

# **CO-ORDINATORS**

Mr. R Nataraja Mrs. Seema S Mr. Phanindar Ravi P Mrs. Bhuvaneswari N Mrs. Sheetal Bagali Associate Professor Assistant Professor Assistant Professor Assistant Professor Assistant Professor





# **3-Day National Level SDP**

on

# "PCB Design and Fabrication Using Innovative Methods For Industrial Products"



# 3<sup>h</sup> to 10<sup>m</sup> November 2022

Organized by Dept. of ECE, Sir MVIT In Association with Indian Tech-Keys



# SPONSORED BY

Sri Krishnadevaraya Educational Trust

# SIR M. VISVESVARAYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

(An ISO 9001:2008 Certified Institution) International Airport Road, Krishnadevaraya Nagar, Hunasamaranahalli, Bengaluru-562 157 Website: <u>www.sirmvit.edu</u>

#### ABOUT THE INSTITUTE

Sir M. Visvesvaraya Institute of Technology (Sir MVIT) is an Institute of repute in the state of Karnataka founded by Sri Krishnadevaraya Educational Trust (Sri KET) in 1986. The institute offers eleven B.E. degree programs in Civil, Mechanical, Electrical & Electronics, Electronics & Communication, Computer Science & Engg., Electronics & Telecommunication, Information Science, Bio Technology, AI & ML and IOT & Cyber Security and five Masters Programs. The Institute is affiliated to Visvesvaraya Technological University and approved by All India Council for Technical Education, New Delhi and is accredited by National Board of Accreditation, New Delhi. Sir MVIT is an ISO 9001:2008 Certified Institution. Sir MVIT is NAAC accredited. All the departments are approved as a recognized R & D centre by Visvesvaraya Technological University (VTU) to pursue Ph.D and M.Sc (Engg.) by Research.

#### ABOUT THE DEPARTMENT

The Department of ECE offers one UG Programme and one PG programme. The Department aims at transforming the students into young engineers with sound technical leadership skills, knowledge and decision making ability. Department encourages students to actively participate in co-curricular and extra curricular activities for their overall development. The Department has well qualified, experienced and dedicated faculty members who are providing excellent teaching & learning environment. The department has well equipped laboratory facilities and is recognized as R&D centre by VTU. Furthermore Texas Instruments sponsored innovative lab is established. Department excels in academics by securing university ranks in UG & PG Programs.

#### ABOUT THE PROGRAM

Student Development Program on "PCB Design and Fabrication using innovative methods for Industrial Products" is organized by department of Electronics and Communication Engineering. This is to create a platform for students to gain knowledge on current trends in industry. The session is designed to provide students with all the necessary tools to increase student learning and development. It will provide them with resources and activities to bridge the gaps in their learning i.e. bridging the gap between theory and concepts. Due to huge demand for Operations and Quantitative Skills in the market this workshop will develop the requisite skill level to be able to perform into the professional world.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

The objective of this program is to introduce printed circuit board designing and fabrication where participants will get exposure to DesignSpark PCB designing industrial tool (open source) and different aspects of printed circuit board designing. Prior to PCB designing, participants will rig up the circuit on breadboard for better understating of circuit functionality. Breadboard wiring will help to identify few complications in wiring which could be overcome using PCB.

#### **COURSE CONTENTS**

- Power of Design Spark PCB, Schematic Capture
- PCB Layout Design
- Fabrication of PCB boards
- Testing and trouble shooting
- Integration of Boards for Mini Project Implementation

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES**

- Concept to Product development skill.
- Exposure to Analog and Digital ICs.
- Schematics capture, PCB foot print design skill using DesignSpark (Open Source) software.
- Unit testing, Quality Check and Circuit debugging skill development.
- Clear understating of PCB fabrication process.
- Exposure to innovative product development.
- Apply techniques, skills and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice.

# CERTIFICATE

# A Certificate of participation will be issued on completion of the program

#### **REGISTRATION DETAILS**

REGISTRATION FEE:-Rs : 400/-MODE OF PAYMENT: GOOGLE PAY to Sheetal B: +91-9986853709

#### FOR REGISTRATION CONTACT :

Mrs. Sheetal B

9986853709





Sir M. Visvesvaraya Institute of Technology Bengaluru 562 157

Student Development Program

on

# PCB Design and Fabrication Using Innovative Methods For Industrial Products

8<sup>th</sup> to 10<sup>th</sup> November 2022

# **Registration form**

SI. No.	Name	USN	Department & Institute	Mode of Payment	Signature
1	KAMYASHREE T	1MV20EC059	ECE, Sir MVIT	Cash	Kausasye
2	Gagana R	1MV20EC048	ECE, Sir MVIT	Cash	(Jagaroz
3	PRIYANSHU SAHAY	1MV20ET021	ETE, Sir MVIT	GPay	<u> </u>
4	Sheik Tanzeem	1MV20EC106	ECE, Sir MVIT	GPay	Sa
5	Rohith G	1MV20EC101	ECE, Sir MVIT	GPay	SP_AL
6	Abhishek	1MV20EC003	ECE, Sir MVIT	GPay	
7	G PAVITHRAN	1MV20EC047	ECE, Sir MVIT	GPay	(gparither
8	RAGHAVA RAKSHITH	1MV20EC038	ECE, Sir MVIT	GPay	C M Ragha Banyin
9	Rishabh Sharma	1MV20EC096	ECE, Sir MVIT	GPay	Sharing
10	Sushant Kumar	1MV20EC117	ECE, Sir MVIT	GPay	Sushaut
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# Sir M. Visvesvaraya Institute of Technology Bengaluru 562 157

SI.	Name	USN	Department &	Mode of	Signature
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53	Vinith Shetty	IMULIEC 121	ECE, Sir MVIT	GPay	Julia -
54	Shrutik R Chandavari	1MV21EC094	ECE, Sir MVIT	GPay	C.A.STUD
55	Sravan Varma	1MV20EC037	ECE, Sir MVIT	GPay	
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Sir M. Visvesvaraya Institute of Technology Bengaluru 562 157 Department of Electropics and Communication Engineering

10 I. S. M.

Student Development Program

on

PCB Design and Fabrication Using Innovative Methods For Industrial Products 8<sup>th</sup> to 10<sup>th</sup> November 2022

### Feedback Form

USN: 1 MV 20ECOG 3

Date: 10/11/2022

Name of the Participant: Krishka Upadhyay

 The Workshop broadened the understanding of concepts and principles in the design of PCB.

a. Strongly agree 🕹 Agree c. Neutral d. Disagree

The content was relevant and improved my skills and techniques related to PCB design.

a. Strongly agree b. Agree c. Neutral d. Disagree

5. The resource persons knowledge, presentation and explanation of the topic was good

a, Strongiy agree b, Agree c. Neutral d. Disagree

4. The number of sessions for the topic was appropriate

JATES b. NO (if NO, how many more sessions required? \_\_\_\_\_\_)

The Hands-on sessions were well coordinated and long enough to complete the design

a. YES b. NO

6. How do you rate the Hands-on experience during training?

a. Excellent b. Very good c. Good d. Fair e. Poor

7. The workshop was well organized and met the expectations

a. Strongly agree d. Agree c. Neutral d. Disagree

Overall, how would you rate the workshop and hospitality?

a. Excellent b. Very good c. Good d. Fair e. Poor

9. Would you like to attend similar workshops in future?

YES b. NO

10. Any Suggestions/Comments?



Bengaluru 562 157 Department of Electronics and Communication Engineering

# Student Development Program

LE LE LE CELERA VALVAS MARTE COMPANY

on

# PCB Design and Fabrication Using Innovative Methods **For Industrial Products** 8<sup>th</sup> to 10<sup>th</sup> November 2022

#### Feedback Form

Date: 10/11/2027

USN: 1 MUDDEC 064

Name of the Participant: Lakshella - G

1. The Workshop broadened the understanding of concepts and principles in the design of PC2.

b. Agree c. Neutrai d. Disagree A. Strongly agree

The content was relevant and improved my skills and techniques related to PCB design.

b. Agree c. Neutral d. Disagree a. Strongly agree

The resource persons knowledge, presentation and explanation of the topic was good

c. Neutral d. Disagree ✓. Strongly agree Agree

4. The number of sessions for the topic was appropriate

A. YES b. NO (If NO, how many more sessions required? \_\_\_\_\_\_)

5. The Hands-on sessions were well coordinated and long enough to complete the design YES. b. NO

5. How do you rate the Hands-on experience during training?

. Excellent b. Very good c. Good d. Fair e. Poor

7. The workshop was well organized and met the expectations

b. Agree c. Neutral d. Disagree a. Strongly agree

8. Overall, how would you rate the workshop and hospitality?

,a. Excellent b. Very good c. Good d. Fair e. Poor

9. Would you like to attend similar workshops in future?

A. YES b. NO

10. Any Suggestions/Comments?

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Sri Krishnadevaraya Educational Trust's



Sir M. Visvesvaraya Institute of Technology

Krishnadevaraya nagar. Hunasamaranahalli, International Airport Poad Bangalore-562157

# Department of Electronics and Communication Engineering PG and Research Center

# National level Student Development Program on "PCB Design and Fabrication Using Innovative Methods for Industrial Products"

in association with Indian Tech-Keys.

# **Report**

The department of Electronics & Communication Engineering, conducted three days National level SDP on " *PCB Design and Fabrication Using Innovative Methods for Industrial Products* " on 8<sup>th</sup> -10<sup>th</sup> November 2022 in association with Indian Tech-Keys. This SDP was sponsored by Sir KET.

The Invitation for SDP was sent to all the 4<sup>th</sup> semester students of all engineering colleges. The response was very good. Total number of participants was limited to 60 in number. The registration started on 1<sup>st</sup> November 2022.

Inauguration started at 9.45 AM in Marconi Seminar Hall. Our beloved Principal, Prof. Rakesh S. G., our Department HOD, Dr. R. Sundaraguru, our honorable Trustee Sri. Prabhakar Raju, and all other department HOD's and staff members presided the inaugural function. Prof. Rakesh S. G., Principal, Sir MVIT gave the opening remarks for his first official program organized in the college. Dr. Sasmita Mahopatra, Associate professor, Dept. of ECE, welcomed the Resource person for the program Mr. Kotresh Mundurugi and the participants. Dr. R. Sundaraguru, HOD, Dept. of ECE gave his presidential remarks and highlighted the importance of demand for Operations and Quantitative Skills in the market. Inaugural function ended with vote of thanks.

On the first day, Power of Design Spark PCB and Schematic Capture were explained. Second day, PCB Layout Design and hands on Fabrication of PCB Boards were done by forming teams for different circuit designs. On Third day of the program Testing and Troubleshooting of the designed PCB boards were done and Integration of Boards for Mini Project Implementation was detailed.

This SDP created a platform for students to gain knowledge on current trends in industry. The session was designed to provide students with all the necessary tools to increase student learning and development, bridging the gap between theory and concepts.

The feedback received from participants was very good towards SDP. All three sessions were very informative; also queries raised from the participants were clarified. The three days SDP was conducted successfully.

# Chief Co-Ordinator

Dr. Sasmita Mohapatra, Associate Professor

# Faculty Coordinators

Mr. R Nataraja, Associate Professor Mrs. Seema S, Assistant Professor Mr. Phanindar Ravi P, Assistant Professor Mrs. Bhuvaneswari N, Assistant Professor Mrs. Sheetal Bagali, Assistant Professor

ress

Dr. R Sundaraguru, Professor & HOD, Department of ECE



**PG and Research Center** 

# National level Student Development Program on "PCB Design and Fabrication Using Innovative Methods for Industrial Products"

in association with Indian Tech-Keys.

















Bengaluru, Karnataka, India 5J25+CW7, Bengaluru, Karnataka 562157, India Lat 13.151257° Long 77.609774° 10/11/22 11:22 AM GMT +05:30









# SIR M. VISVESVARAYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY BANGALORE 562 157 DEPARTMENT OF BIOTECHNOLOGY CORDIALLY INVITES ONE & ALL

To the Inaugural Popular Talk On

Innovations and Entrepreneurial Opportunities in Phytopharmaceuticals



As part of the 5<sup>th</sup> Integrative Workshop on "Recent Advances and Emerging Applications of Phytopharmaceuticals"

> Being Conducted In association with The Himalaya Drug Company, Bengaluru During November – December 2022 (On All Saturdays)

# Speaker:

Dr. U V Babu Head, The Himalaya Drug Company, Bengaluru Date and Time:

4<sup>th</sup> November 2022, 11 AM to 12noon

<u>Venue:</u> BT Seminar Hall



#### SIR M. VISVESVARAYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY BANGALORE 562 157 DEPARTMENT OF BIOTECHNOLOGY

# 5<sup>th</sup> Integrative workshop on "The Recent advances in Phytopharmaceuticals & drug discovery – an Industrial Application" 5<sup>th</sup> Nov – 3<sup>rd</sup> Dec 2022.

# Being Conducted In association with The Himalaya Drug Company, Bengaluru

# Schedule

Week and Date	Module	Subjects	Time	Faculty coordinator
		Workshop Inaugural lecture by Dr UV Babu	11AM -12noon	Dr KVR
Week 1	Module 1	Drug Discovery & introduction to ISM	9.15 - 11.30	Dr KVR
5/11/2022	Module 2	Pharmacognosy; Biodiversity; GACP	11.35 - 1.00	Dr KVR
		Practical- Module 2	2.00-3.30	
Week 2	Module 3	Analytical development for RM identification	9.15 -11.30	Dr CR
12/11/2022	Module 4	Cell & Mol Biology techniques in Natural products Practical- Module 3	11.35- 1.00 2.00 -3.30	Dr KVR
Week 3	Module 5	Application of Microbiology in Natural products and its safety studies	9.15 -11.30	Dr KVR
19/11/2022	Module 6	Advantages of Plant Biotechnology in Herbal industries Practical- Module 6	11.35- 1.00 2.00-3.30	Dr KVR
	Module 7	Introduction to Phytochemistry, Extraction & Isolation of Bioactive compounds	9.15 -11.30	Dr CR
Week 4 	Module 8	Principles of HPLC, LC-MS and its application. spectrophotometer techniques for the identification of Bioactive.	11.35- 1.00	Dr CR
		Practical Module 7 &8	2.00 - 3.30	
Week 5	Module 9	Introduction of Process Eng. Advanced techniques in Pilot scale production.	9.15 -11.30	Dr CR
3/12/2022		Project Idea presentation -11.30 – 12 Valedictory – 12.30 to 1.30	Dr CR and Dr KV	

Ri

3/11/2022 Rajendra Singh and Rashmi K V Associate Professors & Workshop Co-ordinators

H G Nagendra

Dr H.G. Nagen'dra Professor & Head Department of Biotechnology Sir M. Visvesvaraya Institute of Technology BANGALORE : 562157



#### SIR M VISVESVARAYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY HUNASAMARANAHALLI, VIA: YELAHANKA, BANGALORE - 562 157 DEPARTMENT OF BIOTECHNOLOGY

# 5th Integrative workshop on "The Recent advances in Phytopharmaceuticals & drug discovery

an Industrial Application" 5<sup>th</sup> Nov – 3<sup>rd</sup> Dec 2022.

#### Being Conducted In association with

The Himalaya Drug Company, Bengaluru

Attendance Sheet

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15.	1MV19BT015	NAGASHREE S	1	2	3	4	5	
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17.	1MV19BT017	PRANESH KULASEKHAR	1	2	3	4	5	
18.	1MV19BT018	<b>RICHARD STEPHEN S</b>	1	2	3	4	5	-
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23	1MV19BT024	SMRITI HUNSIGI	1	2	3	4	4	,
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25	1MV19BT026	SYEDA DANIYA IMAN	1	2	- 3	3	4	
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Rajendra Singh and Rashmi K V Associate Professors & Workshop Co-ordinators

H C Nagendrala

Professor & Head Department of Biotechnology of M. Viewesvaraya Institute of Technology 2 (NC N ORE - 162157









## SIR M VISVESVARAYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY DEPARTMENT OF BIOTECHNOLOGY 5 Day Workshop on "Recent Advances in the Development of Phytopharmaceuticals" In association with Himalaya Wellness Company, Bengaluru

#### Report

Department of Biotechnology, Sir MVIT organized **5 Day Workshop on "Recent Advances in the Development of Phytopharmaceuticals" in association with Himalaya Wellness Company, Bengaluru** from 5<sup>th</sup> November 2022 to 3<sup>rd</sup> December 2022 (5 Saturdays) for 7<sup>th</sup> Semester BE-Biotechnology students.

There were 9 modules in the workshop like Drug Discovery & Introduction to ISM, Pharmacognosy; Biodiversity; GACP, Analytical development for RM identification, In vivo and In vitro techniques in Natural products, Application of Microbiology in Natural products and its safety studies, Advantages of Plant Biotechnology in Herbal industries, Introduction to Phytochemistry, Extraction & Isolation of Bioactive compounds, Principles of HPLC, LC-MS and its application. spectrophotometer techniques for the identification of Bioactive, Introduction of Process Eng. Advanced techniques in Pilot scale production.

Everyday morning 2 hours theory sessions were followed by 4 hours of practical sessions. A total of 17 scientists from various departments of Himalaya Wellness R&D have conducted the different modules of the workshop. After every module, students were given assessments and at the end of 5 days cumulative grade was calculated. All the experts from Himalaya Wellness R&D were presented with a memento as a token of appreciation. Feedback on all the sessions were collected from students.

Modules of this workshop has helped in bridging the gaps in the POs 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7.

Through this workshop students gained knowledge on various aspects of analytical techniques commonly used in phytopharmaceuticals identification and characterization. For example, TLC, GC, HPLC, LC-MS, NMR, GC-MS, in vivo and in vitro techniques in natural products screening, cell and molecular biology techniques in estimating the efficacy and toxicity of the natural drugs, animal models and pharmacological techniques in drug testing.

Overall, all the sessions gave industrial insights on phytopharmaceuticals development and were highly appreciated by all the students.

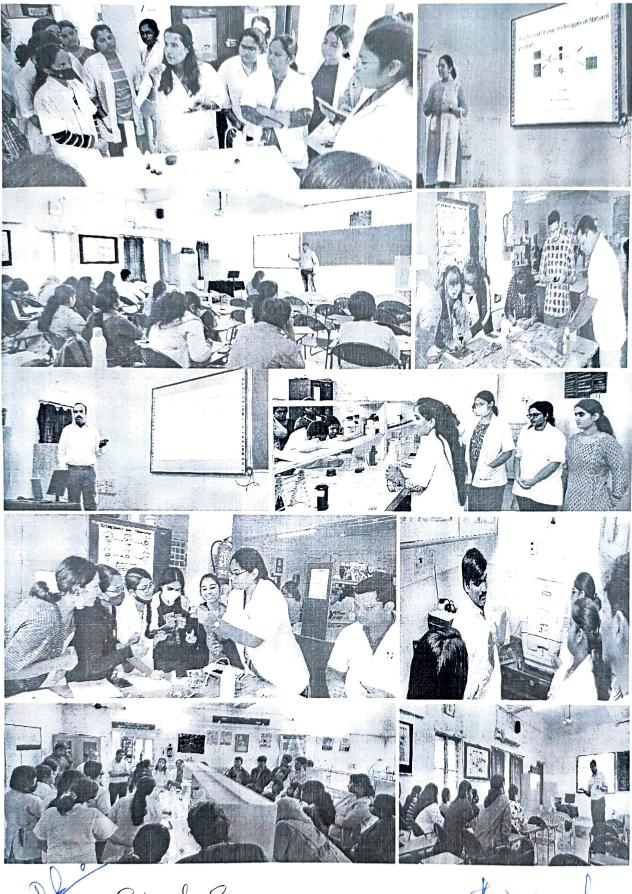
Dr Rashmi K V and Dr C Rajendra Singh

Dr Kashmi K V and Dr C Rajendra Singh Associate Professors & Event Co-ordinators

agendra

Professor and HoD Dr. H.G. Nagendra Professor & Head Department of Biotechnology Sir M Visvesvaraya Institute of Technolo BANGALORE - 562157

#### Glimpses of the workshop



Dr Rashmi K V and Dr C Rajendra Singh Associate Professor & Event Co-ordinator

Dr H O Nagendra 27 12 Professor and HoD

#### SRI KRISHNADEVARAYA EDUCATIONAL TRUST

No. 16, Ballari Road, Sadashivanagar, Bengaluru - 560 080

Ref.No.KET/SMVIT / 157 /2022 - 2023 /574

Date : 24/09/2022

NOTE:

- Sub: Financial assistance for organizing 5<sup>th</sup> series Integrated Workshop on "Downstream Processing of Phytopharmaceuticals" – Reg.
- Ref: Proposal dated 07/09/2022 from Dr. H.G. Nagendra, HOD, Dept. of Biotechnology, bearing No. 270, dated with Principal's endorsement No. 2375, dated 12/09/2022.

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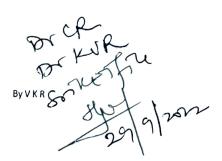
With reference to the above, this is to convey approval for organizing 5<sup>th</sup> series of Integrated Workshop on "Downstream Processing of Phytopharmaceuticals" from 10/10/2022 to 15/10/2022 by industry experts from Himalaya Drug Company, Bengaluru.

Rs.32,000/- (Rupees Thirty Two Thousand only) is granted for this workshop which may be drawn from Principal's SB account and reimbursement claimed within 15 days from the event with duly audited bills and vouchers.

(K.SYAMA KAJU) SECRETARY

To The Principal, Sir MVIT, Bengaluru.

Copy to: 1. Dr. H.G. Nagendra, HOD Biotechnology, Sir MVIT. 2. Accounts Officer, Sri KET, Bengaluru.



SIR M. VISVESVARAYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY Alfikated to VTU, Belagavi | Approved by AICTE. New Delhi / Govt. of Karnataka | Accredited by NAAC. UGC



Date: 05/11/2022

29/2

5<sup>th</sup> Integrative Workshop on "The Recent advances & Emerging Applications of Phytopharmaceuticals" from 5<sup>th</sup> Nov – 3<sup>rd</sup> Dec, 22

# Pharmacognosy Practical – Assessment Form

Name of the Student: GOWDA SNEHA DEVE Branch: BIOTECHNO LOGY

Register Number: 1MV19BT008

Sample ID	Sample Identified As	Correct	Wrong	Score
1)	Identify sample - Hibtscup rosa -sinensis	*/		1
2)	Identify sample - Rodoclendron asboreum	$\checkmark$		1
3)	Identify sample - Terminalia chebula	$\checkmark$		1
4)	Identify sample - Teominalia beliitica	$\checkmark$		1
5)	Identify sample - Emplica officinalis	$\checkmark$		1
6)	Identify sample - Cuperus rotundus	*		101
7)	Identify sample - 30 PW mari Fimus	·k		01
8)	Identify sample - Piper longum	×		<b>a</b>
9)	Identify sample - piper setrofractum	~		1
10)	Identify starch type/material - Tapioca	$\checkmark$		(
11)	Identify starch type/material - Mou ze/ cosn	$\checkmark$		1
12)	Identify starch type/material - $Rice$	$\checkmark$		1
13)	Identify starch type/material - Rice Alpinia galangan	$\checkmark$		)
14)	Identify starch type/material - Alpinic Calcarate	$\checkmark$		)
15)	Identify the type of calcium crystal (Raphi de Aerva Canada	$\checkmark$		K
hidre 16)	Identify the type of calcium crystal - Asparagus gacemosur	$\checkmark$		)
phile = 17)	Identify the type of calcium crystal - Androgsophis paniculate	V		1
<- <u>18</u> )	Identify the type of calcium crystal -Tinospood wood follo	1		1
19)	Identify stomata type - Spinach - (Diacytic type)	$\checkmark$		4
20)	Identify stomata type - Hib icus - (Aniso cyfic type)	$\checkmark$		1
21)	Identify stomata type - Soring onion - (pouacyfic fupe)			1
22)	Identify stomata type - Her Alovera - (Anige cytic)			1
23)	Identify stomata type - Methi - (Anisoutic type)	$\checkmark$		1
24)	Identify trichome type - Eclipta alga (glandular)	$\checkmark$		1
25)	Identify trichome type - Hibizcus 20 sa -sipensis (Skellati	$\checkmark$		1
26)	Identify trichome type - Indigofesa fin cosia - leaf.	$\checkmark$		Ì
27)	Identify trichome type - Aerva Lanata -Stem	$\checkmark$		١
28)	Identify trichome type - OCImum Sanctum (Tubi)	$\checkmark$		Y
29)	Rubia cordifolia - Identify Stem or Root - Rubia cordifolia (ster			1
30)	Rubia cordifolia - Identify Stem or Root - Rubia conditolia (Roo	5		1
Note: Tick the	e Appropriate, Score for Correct =1 & Wrong = 0 (Use Blue/Black Ink Pen)	Total So	cored	29%

Evaluated By (Name):

5<sup>th</sup> Integrative workshop on "The Recent Advances in Phytopharmaceuticals & Drug Discovery an Industrial Application" Saturdays from 5<sup>th</sup> November to 3<sup>rd</sup> December 2022.

SI. No.	Name	College	Total (100)	Grade points (G)	Grade
1	AASHITHA C SHEKAR	MVIT	93.08	9	A
2	ACHYUTH S V	MVIT	95.25	10	A+
3	ADVAITH K G	MVIT	52.33	6	С
4	APARNA B S	MVIT	56.75	6	С
5	CHATURHTY	MVIT	57.50	6	С
6	DEEPIKA BHAT	MVIT	39.33	4	D
7	EMILEE GRACIA DOMNIC	MVIT	92.50	9	А
8	GOWDA SNEHA DEVE	MVIT	58.33	6	с
9	GURURAJ A	MVIT	17.25	2	E
10	K HRUTHIK KUMAR RAJU	MVIT	58.67	6	С
11	KAVYA BAI O P	MVIT	92.50	9	Α
12	MADHUMITHA K	MVIT	59.67	6	С
13	MAHALAKSHMI N	MVIT	57.83	6	С
14	MAITHRI B M	MVIT	92.17	9	А
15	NAGASHREE S	MVIT	92.25	9	А
16	NIHARIKA K S	MVIT	26.67	4	D
17	PRANESH KULASEKHAR	MVIT	89.17	9	Α
18	RICHARD STEPHEN S	MVIT	92.67	9	Α
19	ROHAN THOMAS CHERIAN	MVIT	17.50	- 2	E
20	SAMARTH RAJE URS P A	MVIT	74.83	7	В
21	SHREYA P	MVIT	45.83	4	D
22	SHRUTHI P	MVIT	88.08	9	A
23	SMRITI HUNSIGI	MVIT	58.50	6	С
-24	SRINJANA RAHA	MVIT	17.25	2	E
25	SYEDA DANIYA IMAN	MVIT	92.42	9	Â
26	THEJASHREE M	MVIT	50.25	6	С

Student assessment list:

#### SRI KRISHNADEVARAYA EDUCATIONAL TRUST'S SIRM. VISVESVARAYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY Krishnadevarayanagar, Hunasamaranahalli, Off. International Airport Road, Bengaluru - 562157 (Affiliated to Visvesvaraya Technological University, Recognised by AICTE & Accredited by National Board of Accreditation, New Delhi. An ISO 9001 : 2008 Certified Institution.) Ph.: 080-2846 7248, 2847 7024, /25/26/ Fax : 080-2846 7081 E-mail : sirmvitbgl@gmail.com Web : www.sirmvit.edu

#### DEPARTMENT OF BIOTECHNOLOGY

(Recognised as R & D Centre by V.T.U.)

Ref.No. SMVIT/BT/ 531 12022-

То

The National Coordinator

PMRF

Dear Sir/Madam

Further to the detailed discussions with Ms. Senji Laxme R R (who is a PhD Scholar and a PMRF Fellow at CES, IISc), as per PMRF requirements, we are pleased to utilize her expertise in a 25 hour teaching module to our Final Year BE Biotechnology Engineering students, between March and June 2023, at our campus.

This is for your kind information and needful.

Thanking You,

Yours Faithfully

Date

H G Nagendra Dr H.G. Nagendra Professor & Head Department of Blotechnology Str M Visvesvaraya Institute of Technology BANGALORE - 562157

# SIR M VISVESVRAYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

List of students participating in the lecture series of Venomology-2023

SI. No	BE students
1	K S LASYA
2	JHANVI RONI
3	URVIJA DUBEY
4	AASHITHA C SHEKAR
5	ACHYUTH S V
6	ADVAITH K G
7	APARNA B S
8	CHATURTHY
9	DEEPIKA
10	EMILEE GRACIA DOMNIC
11	DEVE SNEHA GOWDA
12	GURURAJ
13	HRUTHIK KUMAR RAJU
14	ΚΑΥΥΑ ΒΑΙ Ο Ρ
15	MADHUMITHA K
16	MAHALAKSHMI
17	MAITHRI B M
18	NAGASHREE S
19	NIHARIKA K S
20	PRANESH KULASEKHAR
21	RICHARD STEPHEN
22	ROHAN THOMAS CHERIAN
23	SAMARTH RAJE URS
24	SHREYA RAO
25	SHRUTHI P
26	SMRITHI HUNSIGI
27	SRINJANA RAHA
28	SYEDA DANIYA IMAN
29	THEJASHREE M
30	TRISHA C
31	UPPU AISHWARYA
32	UMA MAHESHWARI

33	VIDYASHREE
34	VRITHI RAJU

SI. No	MTech students
1	YAMUNA
2	JANE
3	YADUKIRAN
4	AKSHATHA
5	MANUDYUTH
6	AYAN

# Venom pharmacology (18 classes)

S. No	Date	Торіс	No. of hours
1	02-03-2023 09-03-2023	Introduction to Venomics: Basic definitions, importance, applications and prospects	2
2	16-03-2023	<b>Venom diversity:</b> Venom variation levels and consequences, application of proteomics, transcriptomics and other techniques in venom characterisation	2
3	23-03-2023	<b>Venom pharmacology:</b> Toxin types, targets and physiological effects, clinical toxicology	2
4	30-03-2023	<b>Venom evolution:</b> Brief overview of coevolution, arms race and other fascinating aspects of venom evolution	2
5	06-04-2023 13-04-2023	<b>Clinical aspects of venom research:</b> Snakebite problem, focus on snakebite therapies, antibody discovery	4
6	20-04-2023	Venom as therapeutics: Drugs from venom toxins and bioprospecting	2
7	27-04-2023	Student seminars	2
8	30-04-2023	Student seminars	2



# ARTICLE

Received 16 Aug 2015 | Accepted 17 Mar 2016 | Published 19 Apr 2016

DOI: 10.1038/ncomms11361

OPEN

# NETosis and lack of DNase activity are key factors in *Echis carinatus* venom-induced tissue destruction

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Indian *Echis carinatus* bite causes sustained tissue destruction at the bite site. Neutrophils, the major leukocytes in the early defence process, accumulate at the bite site. Here we show that *E. carinatus* venom induces neutrophil extracellular trap (NET) formation. The NETs block the blood vessels and entrap the venom toxins at the injection site, promoting tissue destruction. The stability of NETs is attributed to the lack of NETs-degrading DNase activity in *E. carinatus* venom. In a mouse tail model, mice co-injected with venom and DNase 1, and neutropenic mice injected with the venom, do not develop NETs, venom accumulation and tissue destruction at the injected site. Strikingly, venom-induced mice tail tissue destruction is also prevented by the subsequent injection of DNase 1. Thus, our study suggests that DNase 1 treatment may have a therapeutic potential for preventing the tissue destruction caused by snake venom.

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nakebites affect millions of people worldwide and cause injury, disability and death. Annual epidemiology data have recorded  $\sim 5.5$  million bites, including 0.4 million amputations and 0.125 million deaths<sup>1-3</sup>. However, the public health importance of snakebites has been neglected<sup>3</sup>. Thus, in 2009, the World Health Organization categorized snakebite as a 'Neglected tropical disease'<sup>3</sup>. Snakebite causes both fatal systemic and local toxicities. The local toxicity is characterized by the continued tissue destruction, which predominantly results from viper bites. Although antivenom therapy has saved many lives, it has failed to inhibit viper bite-induced tissue destruction<sup>4</sup>. In addition, studies have demonstrated that Metzincin family matrix-degrading snake venom metalloproteases (SVMPs)<sup>5</sup> and hvaluronidases (SVHYs) induce local tissue destruction<sup>6-8</sup>; unfortunately, their neutralization by natural and synthetic compounds has failed to reach the clinic<sup>9-11</sup>. This is not due to lack of neutralizing potency of the antivenoms or ineptness of the inhibitors, but rather to the rapid development of local pathology with an unknown cause, which prevents the therapeutic antibodies/inhibitors from accessing the damaged site<sup>1</sup>.

Echis species (saw-scaled/carpet vipers) envenomation is well known for producing tissue destruction at the bite site and accounts for the largest number of cases of mortality and morbidity resulting from snakebite in northern Africa and Asia<sup>10,12</sup>. Echis species venom is rich in SVMPs, which are multidomain haemorrhagic proteases that contain additional cysteine-rich and C-type lectin-like domains13,14. These additional domains are largely responsible for the recruitment of inflammatory cells that trigger inflammation<sup>14</sup>. Neutrophils are the first-line defence cells in innate immunity, and they infiltrate and accumulate at the bite site<sup>15</sup>; however, their role in tissue destruction remains unknown<sup>16</sup>. These cells quickly respond to foreign agents through phagocytosis and respiratory burst, but when required, they readily die by discharging their decondensed chromatin covered with cytotoxic and antimicrobial agents, known as neutrophil extracellular traps or NETs, in a process-dubbed NETosis<sup>17,18</sup>. The defensive role of NETs/extracellular DNA in immobilizing and killing pathogens has been well documented<sup>17</sup> and is termed as an ancient defence weapon<sup>19</sup>. Paradoxically, NETs also elicit collateral damage because of their associated cytotoxic components<sup>20-22</sup>. Thus, NETs work like a double-edged sword<sup>23</sup>. This led us to focus on and explore the role played by neutrophils in the tissue destruction induced by E. carinatus venom. As neutrophils accumulate at the site of venom injection, we hypothesized that the venom triggers NETosis. NETs may play a critical role in the entrapment and accumulation of venom toxins at the bite/injection site, which could be a trigger that accelerates tissue destruction.

Here we demonstrate that *E. carinatus* venom causes formation of NETs, resulting in the accumulation of venom toxins at the injection site and leading to continued tissue degradation. We also show that NETs could be degraded by externally added DNase 1, which could be a possible treatment for this type of snakebite.

#### Results

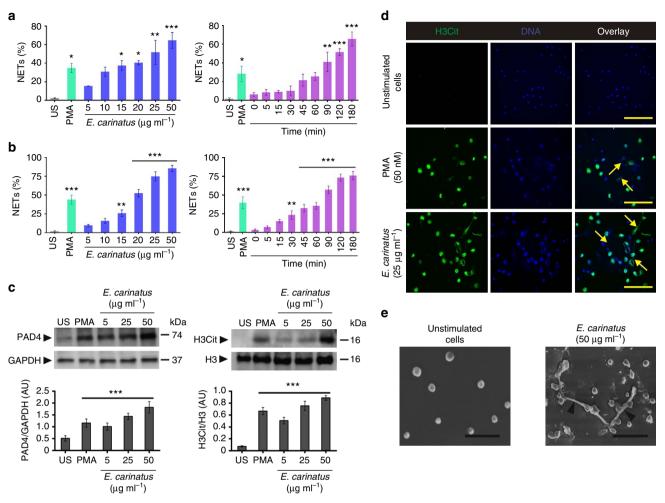
*E. carinatus* venom stimulates neutrophils to promote NETosis. We tested whether *E. carinatus* venom could induce NETosis in human neutrophils. The venom induced NET formation in both dose- and time-dependent manner, and the NETs were quantified using myeloperoxidase-DNA (MPO-DNA) capture ELISA (Fig. 1a, left and right) and Hoechst staining (Fig. 1b, left and right) assays. The venom-treated neutrophils showed a dose-dependent increase in the expression of the peptidylarginine deiminase 4 (PAD4) enzyme (Fig. 1c, left), and this paralleled

with the formation of citrullinated histone H3 (H3Cit; Fig. 1c, right) in western blot studies. Furthermore, the immunocytochemistry study revealed that H3Cit and the extracellular DNA co-localize (Fig. 1d). The quantification of the H3Cit-positive neutrophils and their extruded DNA indicated that they were significantly increased compared with unstimulated neutrophils (Supplementary Fig. 1a,b). Phorbol 12-myristate 13-acetate (PMA)-treated neutrophils served as positive control. Scanning electron microscope analysis confirmed the NETosis, where thick bundles of chromatin fibres, NETs, emerging from and connecting different neutrophils were conspicuously visible compared with the intact, unstimulated neutrophils (Fig. 1e). We next examined the E. carinatus venom-induced dose-dependent reactive oxygen species (ROS) production in neutrophils (Supplementary Fig. 2). The venom-induced ROS production was decreased when neutrophils were pre-incubated with diphenyleneiodonium chloride (DPI) or dinitrophenol (DNP) or together (Fig. 2a). However, DNP decreased the ROS production more significantly than DPI, whereas in combination the effect was found to be additive (Fig. 2a). Similarly, the trend was paralleled with the quantity of NETs formation (Fig. 2b).

In the in vivo experiment, mice that were given injections of *E. carinatus* venom (lethal  $dose_{50}$  (LD<sub>50</sub>) is the amount of venom that causes 50% mortality) into the tail were observed for 15 days. The appearance of haemorrhage and tissue destruction at the site of injection was noticed  $\sim 1 h$  after venom injection. The tail exhibited severe haemorrhage and tissue destruction 8h after venom injection compared with the control, which received phosphate-buffered saline (PBS; Supplementary Fig. 3a). The venom-injected tails were monitored and visually scored for injury for 15 days. The injured tails detached between days 10 and 15 (Supplementary Fig. 3b). Western blotting of the venominjected tail tissue homogenates revealed increased levels of H3Cit and MPO that reached a maximum at 8 h and persisted even after the tail became necrotic (day 3 and onwards) and detached (day 10 and onwards; Fig. 3a). Tail tissue sections taken 8h after venom injection showed the destruction and loss of integrity of the dermis and hypodermis, along with extruded DNA in the haematoxylin and eosin (H&E) staining compared with the PBS-injected control tail tissue sections (Supplementary Fig. 3c). Furthermore, immunofluorescence images of the tail tissue sections were positive for Ly6G, H3Cit and extracellular DNA, indicating that NETosis occurred in the venom-injected tail tissue (Fig. 3b and Supplementary Fig. 3d). A confocal microscopy study confirmed the existence of NETs in the venom-injected tail tissues, as evidenced by the co-localization of lactoferrin, H3Cit and extracellular DNA (Fig. 3c and Supplementary Fig. 4). However, H3Cit antibody also showed some nonspecific binding in mice tail tissues (Supplementary Fig. 4).

**NETs block blood vessels and capture** *E. carinatus* venom. H&E-stained tail tissue sections obtained 8 h after venom injection showed that the veins and capillaries (Fig. 4a) were blocked owing to the accumulation of NETs. Immunohistochemistry of the tail tissue sections further confirmed the accumulation and blockage of artery (Fig. 4b) and vein (Fig. 4c) by the NETs, as evidenced by the co-localization of Ly6G, H3Cit and extracellular DNA. Furthermore, *E. carinatus* venom accumulated in these tissue sections, even at 8 h after the venom injection, as demonstrated using a rabbit polyclonal antivenom raised against *E. carinatus* venom (Fig. 4d).

Immunocytochemistry revealed that the NETs captured the venom, as evidenced by the co-localization of the venom toxins and NETs (Fig. 5a). The DNA-venom capture ELISA technique was employed to demonstrate the interaction between the NETs and the *E. carinatus* venom. The formation of the NET-venom

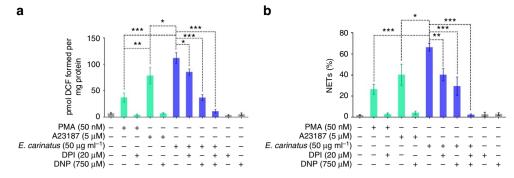


**Figure 1** [*E. carinatus* venom stimulates *ex vivo* NETosis. *E. carinatus* venom-stimulated NET formation was quantified using (a) MPO-DNA capture ELISA and (b) Hoechst staining in dose- (left) and time-dependent (right) assays. The results are expressed as the percent increase relative to unstimulated cells (US); mean  $\pm$  s.e.m. (n = 6). \*P < 0.05, \*\*P < 0.01, \*\*\*P < 0.001 versus US; one-way analysis of variance (ANOVA), followed by Dunnett's *post-hoc* test. PMA (50 nM) served as a positive control. (c) Western blot analysis of PAD4 expression (top, left) and the presence of H3Cit (top, right) in *E. carinatus* venom-treated neutrophils. PAD4 expression was normalized to GAPDH expression (bottom, left), and H3Cit levels were normalized to H3 levels (bottom, right). AU, arbitrary units; H3Cit, citrullinated histone 3; H3, histone 3; US, unstimulated cells. The data are presented as mean  $\pm$  s.e.m. (n = 4). \*\*\*P < 0.001 versus US; one-way ANOVA, followed by Dunnett's *post-hoc* test. PMA (50 nM) served as a positive control. The PVDF membranes were cut based on molecular weight of respective protein using protein molecular weight marker and then probed with respective antibodies. (d) Representative immunofluorescence images of neutrophils/NETs. The neutrophils were exposed to *E. carinatus* venom (25 µg ml<sup>-1</sup>) for 2.5 h at 37 °C. Yellow arrows indicate NETs. (n = 4) Scale bars, 100 µm. PMA (50 nM) served as a positive control. (e) Scanning electron microscopy images showing unstimulated neutrophils, which displayed NETs with thick bundles of fibres (black arrowheads; right). (n = 4) Scale bars, 30 µm.

complex increased with the increasing amounts of venom (Fig. 5b). The interaction between the DNA and the venom was further analysed using native polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (PAGE), where the addition of venom to DNA retarded DNA mobility in a dose-dependent manner (Fig. 5c). The DNA-venom complex was dissociated using a DNA isolation protocol and analysed by native PAGE (Fig. 5c). Then, the DNA-venom complex was studied for its lethal potency using independent groups of mice that received the DNA-venom complex prepared using an LD<sub>50</sub> or LD dose of the venom (venom/DNA: 1:1, w/w; Fig. 5d). Neither group exhibited mortality, while the groups that received LD<sub>50</sub> and LD of venom alone exhibited 50% and 100% mortality, respectively. In contrast, E. carinatus venom failed to induce tail tissue damage in neutropenic mice (Fig. 6a). The tail injury score was decreased by approximately eightfold in neutropenic mice compared with the venom-injected control mice (Fig. 6b). Western blot analysis of tail tissue homogenates

from the venom-injected neutropenic mice showed no sign of H3Cit signals (Fig. 6c). H&E staining of tail tissue sections from the venom-injected neutropenic mice showed an absence of neutrophils and, hence, extracellular DNA compared with the venom-injected normal mice (Fig. 6d). Immunohistochemistry further confirmed the lack of neutrophils and NETs, as the sections were negative for Ly6G and H3Cit (Fig. 6e). Whereas the group of neutropenic mice that received the LD<sub>50</sub> dose of venom exhibited 100% mortality (Supplementary Fig. 5). As DNA is the backbone of NETs, the *E. carinatus* venom-induced stable NETosis was our impetus to test the DNase activity of the venom. We found that the venom failed to degrade herring sperm DNA, even after exhaustive incubation for 24 h (Supplementary Fig. 6).

DNase 1 prevents *E. carinatus* venom-induced NETosis. In *in vivo* studies, co-injection of DNase 1 prevented the *E. carinatus* 



**Figure 2** | *E. carinatus* venom-mediated NETosis is both NOX-dependent and NOX-independent. (a) Represents the level of ROS in neutrophils incubated with PMA, A23187 or *E. carinatus* venom in the presence or absence of DPI ( $20 \mu$ M) or DNP ( $750 \mu$ M) or both DPI ( $20 \mu$ M), DNP ( $750 \mu$ M). The data are presented as mean ± s.e.m. (n = 4). \*P < 0.05, \*\*P < 0.01, \*\*\*P < 0.001; one-way analysis of variance followed by Bonferroni *post-hoc* test. (b) Represents NET release measured using MPO-DNA capture ELISA in neutrophils incubated with PMA, A23187 or *E. carinatus* venom in the presence or absence of DPI ( $20 \mu$ M) or DNP ( $750 \mu$ M) or both DPI ( $20 \mu$ M) or DNP ( $750 \mu$ M) or both DPI ( $20 \mu$ M) or DNP ( $750 \mu$ M). The data are presented as mean ± s.e.m. (n = 4). \*P < 0.05, \*\*P < 0.01; \*\*\*P < 0.001; one-way ANOVA, followed by Bonferroni *post-hoc* test.

venom-induced tail tissue damage in a dose-dependent manner (Supplementary Fig. 7a). However, the tissue-damaging property of the venom was not altered by co-injection with actin pretreated DNase 1 (Supplementary Fig. 7a). The western blot study revealed that H3Cit (Fig. 7a) and venom (Fig. 7b) were not present in tail tissue homogenates from mice injected with both venom and DNase 1, whereas the homogenates from mice injected with venom alone contained both H3Cit (Fig. 7a) and venom (Fig. 7b). Venom accumulation was further demonstrated using immunofluorescence of the tail tissue sections (Fig. 7c). Although the mice injected with both venom and DNase 1 did not show any signs of local tissue damage, interestingly, the mice died much faster than if they were injected with venom alone (Fig. 7d and Supplementary Fig. 7b).

In the challenge study, the tail injury score (Fig. 8a) and photographs of representative mice (Fig. 8b) revealed that when DNase 1 was injected at different time intervals after the venom  $(LD_{50})$  injection (30–180 min), the mice tails showed initial signs of haemorrhage on days 1 and 2, and recovered on days 5–7, exhibiting normal tail morphology without an increase in lethality. Conversely, in the absence of the DNase 1 treatment, intense haemorrhage and wound formation led to the detachment of the affected tail portion between days 10 and 15 (Fig. 8a,b). Moreover, when serum was incubated with *E. carinatus* venom, the serum DNase activity was not inhibited, as evidenced by the nearly equal zone of clearance in serum alone and in serum incubated with the increasing doses of *E. carinatus* venom (Supplementary Fig. 8).

To determine whether venom from another snake species, N. naja, induces NETosis, we used MPO-DNA capture ELISA assay. We did observe NETosis at lower doses of the venom, but it was not observed at higher doses or with prolonged incubation periods (Fig. 9a). Western blot study using a rabbit polyclonal antivenom for N. naja venom showed that the venom did not accumulate at the injection site (Fig. 9b). This was further confirmed by the immunohistochemistry study, in which tail tissue sections from venom-injected mice did not show an accumulation of venom at the injection site. However, in mice injected with actin pre-treated N. naja venom, the tail tissue sections exhibited an accumulation of the venom (Fig. 9b,c). Furthermore, the actin pre-treated N. naja venom failed to induce lethal toxicity, as all of the experimental mice survived (Fig. 9d). Finally, when tested for DNase activity, the N. naja venom dose-dependently hydrolysed calf thymus DNA, whereas actin pre-treated venom failed to hydrolyse DNA (Supplementary Fig. 9).

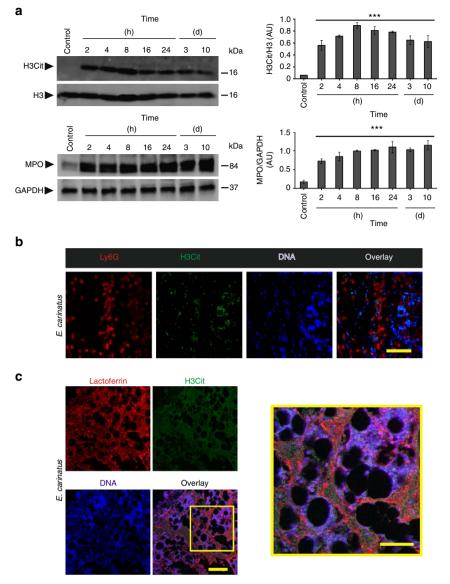
#### Discussion

*E. carinatus* induces intense tissue destruction at the bite site, with symptoms such as oedema, haemorrhage and tissue destruction<sup>10,24</sup>. Although neutrophil infiltration has been demonstrated at the site of a viper bite/venom injection<sup>15</sup>, it has not been thoroughly investigated<sup>8</sup>. This study deciphers the cellular mechanism of tissue destruction by the *E. carinatus* venom and suggested a possible therapeutic approach for snakebite management. We show that the venom-stimulated neutrophils undergo NETosis and that the resulting NETs block the blood vessels to prevent the venom from entering the circulation, resulting in venom accumulation and tissue destruction at the injection site. This effect was reversed by the administration of DNase 1.

Neutrophils are the first-line defence cells and effectively capture pathogens by NETosis<sup>17</sup>. NETosis occurs via both the NOX-dependent and NOX-independent pathways<sup>25</sup>. Our study suggests that E. carinatus venom stimulated the neutrophils to undergo NETosis both in vitro and in vivo. E. carinatus venomstimulated ROS production and NETosis were significantly decreased in the presence of DPI (NOX inhibitor) and DNP (uncoupler of oxidative phosphorylation and electron transport) indicating the induction of both the NOX-dependent and NOXindependent pathways. Induction of both pathways is likely due to the presence of various toxins in E. carinatus venom that affects several cellular pathways. Some strains of Staphylococcus aureus and lipid mediator hepoxilin A3 induce NETosis through both the NOX-dependent and NOX-independent patways<sup>26-28</sup>. Several recent studies have demonstrated that E. carinatus venom induced oxidative stress in both ex vivo and in vivo experiments<sup>10,29</sup>. NETosis is marked by increased PAD4 expression, which triggers chromatin de-condensation through deimination of arginine in H3 to form citrulline (H3Cit)<sup>30,31</sup>. Thus, the results of the western blot shows increased expression of PAD4 and the appearance of H3Cit in human neutrophils support the hypothesis that the E. carinatus venom induces NETosis. The rapid increase in PAD4 levels in neutrophils could be due to E. carinatus venom-stimulated NOX-independent pathway<sup>25,32</sup>. We show that *E. carinatus* venom does not contain bacteria, which rules out the role of bacterial contamination in driving neutrophils into NETosis (Supplementary Fig. 10). The detection of NETosis markers, such as Ly6G, lactoferrin and H3Cit, in venom-injected tail tissue sections confirmed NETosis in vivo.

Furthermore, the sections exhibited blood vessel obstruction due to the accumulation of blood clots, including NETs.

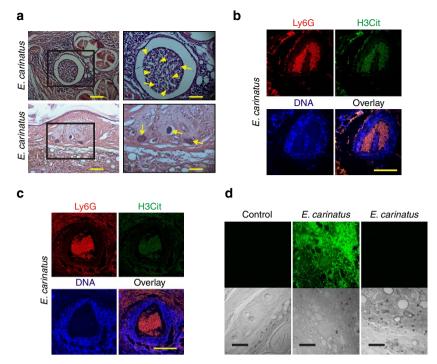
# ARTICLE



**Figure 3** | *E. carinatus* venom stimulates *in vivo* NETosis. (a) Representative western blot of the time course of H3Cit and MPO appearance in *E. carinatus* venom ( $LD_{50}$ )-injected mouse tail tissue (left) and quantification of the H3Cit levels compared with the H3 levels (top, right) and MPO level compared to GAPDH (bottom, right). AU, arbitrary units; H3Cit, citrullinated histone 3; H3, histone 3; MPO, myeloperoxidase. The data are presented as mean  $\pm$  s.e.m; Student's *t*-test, \*\*\**P*<0.001 versus control; *n* = 4 for the control, *2*, 4, 8 and 16 h samples; *n* = 5 for 24 h, day 3 and day 10 samples. The PVDF membranes were cut based on molecular weight of respective protein using protein molecular weight marker and then probed with respective antibodies. (b) Representative immunofluorescence images of mouse tail tissue 8 h after *E. carinatus* venom ( $LD_{50}$ ) injection, focused beneath the epithelial layer. Scale bar, 100 µm (*n* = 4). (c) Representative confocal image of *E. carinatus* venom ( $LD_{50}$ )-injected mouse tail tissues focused beneath the epithelial layer. The area enclosed by the yellow box is magnified and shown on the right. Scale bars, 100 µm (right); *n* = 3.

*E. carinatus* venom is a pro-coagulant<sup>33</sup> and promotes fibrin clot formation<sup>10,34</sup>. Moreover, NETs also promote fibrin clot formation<sup>35,36</sup>. NET-associated clots are more resistant to mechanical forces and enzymatic digestion<sup>35,37</sup>; thus, the blood vessels remained blocked, even after 8 h of venom injection, despite the fibri(noge)nolytic activity of *E. carinatus* venom<sup>10,24</sup>. However, further detailed investigation is warranted to understand the interactions between NETs and fibrin clots. The blockage of blood vessels prevents the easy entry of the venom into the circulation and causes its accumulation at the injection site. The accumulated venom is a cocktail of several enzymatic and non-enzymatic toxins, predominantly the extracellular matrix (ECM)-degrading haemorrhagic SVMPs and SVHYs. SVMPs degrade structural proteins, including collagens, laminin and fibronectin molecules<sup>5,38,39</sup>, whereas SVHYs degrade the

structural glycosaminoglycan hyaluronic acid<sup>6,8,40</sup>. Thus, the loss of ECM integrity destabilizes the tissues and the basement membrane of blood vessels. In addition, NET-associated histones can damage endothelial cells<sup>20,21,23</sup>. Furthermore, NET-associated neutrophil elastase is a highly stable broad-spectrum protease that can cause further ECM damage<sup>20,22,23,30</sup>. In a recent study, NETosis was shown to cause delayed wound healing in diabetic patients<sup>32</sup>. Therefore, *E. carinatus* venominduced NETosis not only restricts the venom to the bite site and promotes tissue destruction but also blocks the blood flow to the tissues and cells that are distal to the bite site. Increased NET formation or impaired NET clearance is detrimental, as demonstrated in chronic inflammatory disorders, including vasculitis, psoriasis, preeclampsia, atherosclerosis, systemic lupus erythematosus and gout<sup>23,41–43</sup>.



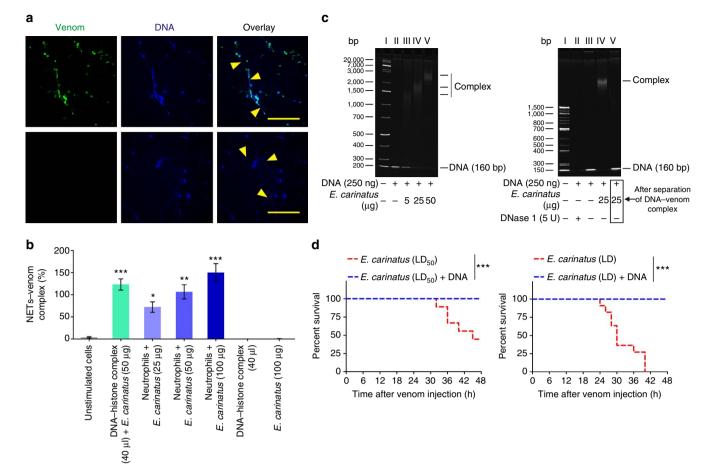
**Figure 4 | NETs block blood vessels, leading to accumulation of** *E. carinatus* **venom.** (a) Images of H&E-stained mouse tail tissue 8 h after *E. carinatus* venom  $(LD_{50})$  injection show clot formation in the mouse tail vein (top, left) and blocked blood capillaries (bottom, left). The respective enlarged images are shown on the right. Scale bars, 50 µm (left), 100 µm (right). Yellow arrowheads indicate NETs and yellow arrows indicate neutrophils. Immunofluorescence image of the mouse (n = 4). (b) tail artery and (c) vein 8 h after *E. carinatus* venom  $(LD_{50})$  injection. Scale bars, 100 µm (n = 4). (d) Immunofluorescence images show the accumulation of venom in *E. carinatus* venom  $(LD_{50})$ -injected mouse tail tissue section (top row, middle), section with a secondary antibody control (top row, right) and section of PBS-injected tail tissue, which served as a control (top, left). The corresponding differential interference contrast (DIC) images of the respective tissues are also shown (bottom row). Scale bars, 100 µm (n = 4).

Chromatin is an ancient defence weapon of the innate immune system<sup>19</sup>; it is known to form a complex net that enmeshes and kills bacteria, fungi, viruses and other parasites<sup>17</sup>. We demonstrate that the venom-induced NETs capture venom toxins. The negative charge in the NETs<sup>44</sup> could sequester the positively charged venom toxins such as basic PLA<sub>2</sub>s, 3FTx and SVMPs<sup>45-48</sup>. The successful recovery of DNA from the DNA-venom complex suggests that the interaction between the DNA and venom toxins was non-covalent. Surprisingly, the lethality studies showed that the lethal potency of the venom was reduced when it formed complex with the DNA. This was attributed to the sequestration and inhibition of the positively charged venom toxins by the NETs/DNA. We reasoned that the depletion of the neutrophils and, hence, the NETs would result in decreased venom-induced tissue destruction and increased lethal potency. Indeed, in neutropenic mice, the venom did not induce haemorrhage and tissue destruction at the injection site, but caused 100% mortality even at the LD<sub>50</sub> dose of venom. Of note, and as discussed above, although E. carinatus venom-induced NETosis is detrimental, it is an adaptive immune response that restricts the entry of E. carinatus venom into the circulation and protect from its lethal systemic toxicity.

The stability of the NETs is due to the lack of DNase activity in the *E. carinatus* venom and the inability of serum DNase to clear the large accumulated NETs at the injection site. We ruled out the possible inhibition of serum DNase by the *E. carinatus* venom. Thus, we tested whether DNase 1 could clear the NETs. As anticipated, co-injection of venom and DNase 1 prevented haemorrhage and local tissue damage, but also increased the lethal potency of the venom by improving penetration of the venom into the circulation. This effect was neutralized by antivenom administration. Surprisingly, in the challenge study, all the mice survived when DNase 1 was administered 30-180 min after venom injection. This mitigation of the lethal potency of the venom could be due to the formation of the NETs/DNA-venom complex. We postulate that venom initially stimulates NETosis of the accumulated neutrophils. Eventually, the negatively charged NETs/DNA fibres form complexes with the positively charged venom toxins such as basic PLA<sub>2</sub>s, 3FTxs and SVMPs and entrap them. Further, it is likely that the negatively charged NETs/DNA would chelate metal ions<sup>49</sup> such as  $Zn^{2+}$  and  $Ca^{2+}$  thereby inhibiting SVMPs and venom PLA<sub>2</sub>s, respectively<sup>46,48,50</sup>. Although the NETs/DNA fibres are degraded by the administered DNase 1, it is possible that the small DNA fragments remained in complex with the venom toxins keep them inactive. However, further studies are required to delineate the precise molecular mechanism(s) at play. NET clearance is essential for the wound-healing process<sup>32</sup>. Our present findings are complemented by recent studies showing that DNase 1 treatment accelerated wound resolution in diabetic and wild-type mice<sup>32</sup> and increased NET clearance by macrophages in vitro<sup>51</sup>. In contrast to the E. carinatus venom, which is known for its ability to induce haemorrhage and local tissue destruction, the *N. naja* venom lacks these effects<sup>52</sup>. This is most likely due to the fact that the N. naja venom contains high levels of DNase activity and this degrades NETs and prevents the venom from accumulating at the injection site, as the inhibition of DNase activity not only resulted in venom accumulation at the injection site but also abolished the venom's lethality. In addition, despite the venom accumulation at the injection site, there was no local tissue destruction. This is likely due to the fact that N. naja venom lacks ECM-degrading haemorrhagic SVMPs<sup>52</sup>.

In summary, the results indicate that *E. carinatus* venom induces the formation of stable NETs owing to its lack of DNase

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**Figure 5 | NETs capture** *E. carinatus* **venom toxins. (a)** Representative immunofluorescence image of neutrophils exposed to *E. carinatus* venom  $(50 \,\mu\text{g ml}^{-1})$  for 2.5 h; the venom was detected using rabbit polyclonal antibody against *E. carinatus* venom followed by an AlexaFluor 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit antibody along with DNA stained by Hoechst stain (top row). The AlexaFluor 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit secondary antibody control (bottom row). Yellow arrow heads indicate NETs. Scale bars, 100  $\mu$ m (n = 4). (**b**) The NET-venom complex was quantified using the DNA-venom capture ELISA assay. The results are expressed as a percent increase with respect to the unstimulated cells. The data are presented as mean ± s.e.m. (n = 4). \*P < 0.05, \*\*P < 0.01, \*\*\*P < 0.001 versus the unstimulated cells; one-way analysis of variance, followed by Dunnett's *post-hoc* test. (**c**) Native PAGE (7.5%) showing the interaction between DNA and *E. carinatus* venom (left), as demonstrated by the dose-dependent retardation of the bands. Marker (lane I), 250 ng DNA (lane II), 250 ng DNA + 5  $\mu$ g *E. carinatus* venom (lane III), 250 ng DNA + 50  $\mu$ g *E. carinatus* venom (lane IV) and recovered DNA from DNA + 25  $\mu$ g *E. carinatus* venom (lane IV) and 250 ng DNA + 50  $\mu$ g *E. carinatus* venom (lane IV) and recovered DNA from DNA + *E. carinatus* venom complex (right). Marker (lane I), 250 ng DNA + 50  $\mu$ g *B. carinatus* venom (lane IV) and recovered DNA from DNA + *E. carinatus* venom complex (right). marker (lane I), 250 ng DNA + 50  $\mu$ g *E. carinatus* venom (lane IV) and recovered DNA from DNA + *E. carinatus* venom complex (right). marker (lane I), 250 ng DNA + 50  $\mu$ g (red line, left) and LD (red line, right), and *E. carinatus* venom incubated with DNA for 10 min at 37 °C (blue line, both left and right); n = 10. \*\*\*P < 0.001. Log-rank test.

activity. These NETs trap the venom toxins and thereby promote tissue destruction at the injection/bite site. The dense NETs and the blood clots formed in the damaged tissues and capillaries hinder the free flow of blood and prevent the antivenom from reaching the damaged site. This study presents (i) the role of NETosis in E. carinatus venom-induced tissue destruction, (ii) a convenient mouse tail model to study viper venom-induced tissue destruction, (iii) the role of DNase activity in venom toxicity and (iv) provides a lead for designing new strategies for the possible use of DNase 1 in the management of E. carinatus venominduced tissue destruction. This study could also drive future studies to understand and uncover the molecular mechanisms associated with other venomous bites that cause similar pathological conditions. However, further detailed and systematic investigations in human subjects are needed to validate these findings before they are implemented in the clinic.

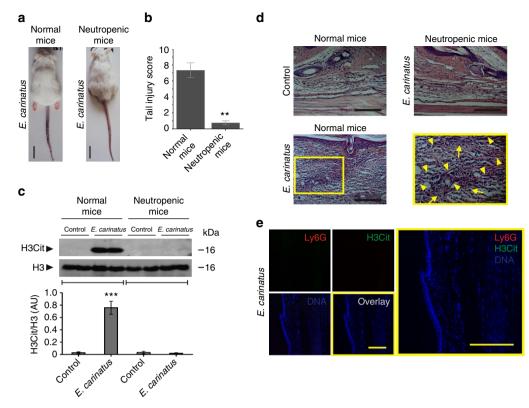
#### Methods

**Animals.** Adult Swiss albino mice (8- to 10-week-old male or female) weighing 20–25 g were obtained from the Central Animal House Facility, Department of

Zoology, University of Mysore, Mysuru, India. New Zealand albino female rabbits (6-month-old) weighing 1.5–2 kg were obtained from the Department of Livestock Production and Management, Veterinary College, Bengaluru, India. The animal experiments were approved by the Institutional Animal Ethical Committee, University of Mysore, Mysuru (Approval numbers: UOM/IAEC/20/2012 and UOM/IAEC/09/2013). During all experiments, animal care and handling were in accordance with the guidelines of the Committee for the Purpose of Control and Supervision of Experiments on Animals (CPCSEA).

**Humans.** Human blood was drawn from the antecubital veins of healthy adult volunteers who provided written informed consent, as per the guidelines of the Institutional Human Ethical Committee, University of Mysore, Mysuru. All the experiments were approved by the Institutional Human Ethical Committee, University of Mysore, Mysuru (Approval number: IHEC-UOM No. 47Res/2014–15) and conducted in accordance with the ethical guidelines.

**Reagents.** The *E. carinatus* and *N. naja* venoms were purchased from Irula Co-operative Society Ltd., Chennai, India. The calf thymus DNA, DMEM, Histopaque-1077, Ponceau stain, actin from bovine muscle, protease inhibitor cocktail, protein A agarose, dextran (molecular weight ~ 100 kDa), PMA, bovine serum albumin, human serum albumin (HSA), calcium ionophore (A23187), 2',7'-dichlorofluorescein diacetate (DCFDA), DPI, DNP, Cell Death Detection ELISA<sup>PLUS</sup> (Version 14, Roche Diagnostics), and Freund's complete and



**Figure 6** | *E. carinatus* venom does not induce local tissue damage or NETosis in neutropenic mice. (a) Representative photographs of mice 8 h after *E. carinatus* venom ( $LD_{50}$ ) injection in the tail show intense venom-induced wound in the tail of a normal mouse (left), but no haemorrhage in a neutropenic mouse (right). Scale bars, 2 cm. (n=10). (b) The corresponding tail injury score 8 h after the *E. carinatus* venom ( $LD_{50}$ ) injection is shown in a bar graph. The data are presented as mean ± s.e.m. n = 6 venom-injected normal mice; n=10 venom-injected neutropenic mice. \*\*P < 0.01; Student's *t*-test. (c) Western blot analysis of the appearance of H3Cit (top) in tail tissue homogenates taken from normal and neutropenic mice 8 h after *E. carinatus* venom ( $LD_{50}$ ) injection of H3Cit levels compared with H3 levels is shown (bottom). AU, arbitrary units; H3Cit, citrullinated histone 3; H3, histone 3. The data are presented as mean ± s.e.m. (n=4). \*\*\*P<0.001 versus the normal control mice; one-way analysis of variance, followed by Dunnett's *post-hoc* test. The PVDF membranes were cut based on molecular weight of respective protein using protein molecular weight marker and then probed with respective antibodies. (d) H&E-stained tail tissue sections from neutropenic (top right) and normal mice (bottom left) injected with *E. carinatus* venom ( $LD_{50}$ ); the yellow portion is enlarged and shown on the right. Tissue from PBS-injected normal mice is also shown ( $LD_{50}$ ) injection, focused beneath the epithelial layer. Scale bars, 100 µm (n=4).

incomplete adjuvants were procured from Sigma Chemicals. DNase 1 was purchased from Boehringer Ingelheim. The anti-histone H3 antibody (Cat. no. SC-10809) was obtained from Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. Hoechst 33342 (Cat. no. H3570) was obtained from Life Technologies. AlexaFluor 488-conjugated AffiniPure Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (Cat. no. 111-545-003), AlexaFluor 647-conjugated AffiniPure Goat Anti-mouse IgG (H+L) (Cat. no. 115-605-003) were purchased from Jackson Immuno Research Laboratories, Inc. The AlexaFluor 647-conjugated anti-mouse Ly 6G antibody (clone 1A8; Cat. no. 127609) was obtained from BioLegend. The rabbit polyclonal anti-histone H3 (citrulline R2 + R8 + R17; H3Cit; Cat. no. ab5103), mouse monoclonal anti-myeloperoxidase (anti-MPO; 2C7; Cat. no. ab25989), anti-lactoferrin antibody (2B8; Cat. no. ab10110) and anti-PAD4 (4H5; Cat. no. ab128086) antibodies were obtained from Abcam. The DreamTaq Green DNA Polymerase kit (Cat. no. EP0711) was obtained from Thermo Scientific. Endoxan-N-(cyclophosphamide injection) was obtained from Baxter Oncology Products. The mouse anti-GAPDH mAb (6C5; Cat. no. CB1001) was purchased from Calbiochem. The microwell plates were obtained from Thermo Fisher Scientific.

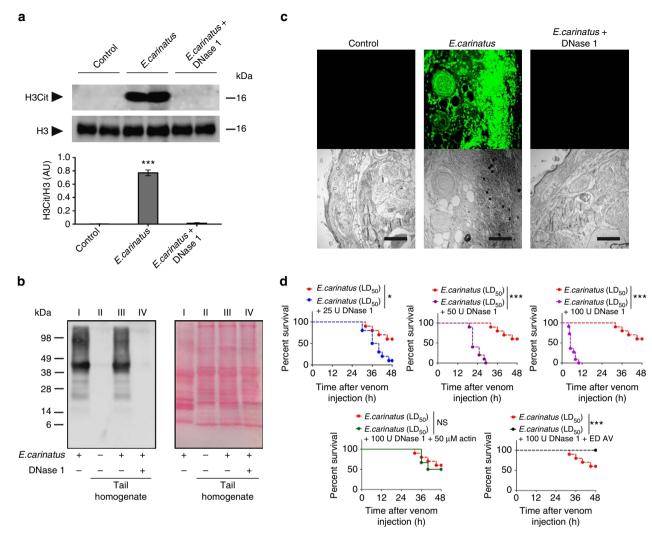
**Human neutrophil isolation**. The human neutrophils were isolated from the blood of healthy volunteers<sup>44</sup>. The blood was collected and mixed with acid citrate dextrose (citric acid/sodium citrate/dextrose, 3:6:4; w/w/w) in 5:1 volumetric ratio (blood/anticoagulant), followed by dextran sedimentation and hypotonic lysis to remove red blood cells. Then, the cell pellet was suspended in 2 ml of PBS and subjected to density gradient centrifugation using Histopaque-1077 for 30 min, 210g at 4 °C, after which the neutrophils settled at the bottom as a cell pellet. This pellet was washed twice with PBS for 6 min, centrifuged at 210g, and re-suspended in HBSS buffer without cations containing 2% HSA or DMEM. The cells were counted using a Neubauer chamber and the required cell density was adjusted

using HBSS/DMEM. Wright and Giemsa staining was used to determine the purity of the cells, which was  $>\!95\%$ 

Quantification of NETosis by Hoechst stain and MPO-DNA ELISA. NETosis was quantified by Hoechst stain<sup>32</sup>. The neutrophils  $(2 \times 10^5 \text{ cells per ml})$  were seeded on 13 mm round coverslips placed in 24-well culture plates in 500  $\mu l$  of DMEM with 2% HSA and allowed to adhere to the coverslips for 30 min at 37 °C and 5% CO2. Then, the cells were independently stimulated with E. carinatus venom  $(5-50 \,\mu g \,m l^{-1})$  for 180 min to assess the dose-dependent response. To assess the time-dependent response, the *E. carinatus* venom  $(25 \,\mu g \,m l^{-1})$  was incubated for different time intervals from 0 to 180 min. PMA (50 nM) served as a positive control. The cells were then fixed with 4% paraformaldehyde, followed by Hoechst 33342 staining (1:10,000). For NET quantification, images were acquired on a BA410 fluorescence microscope (Motic) attached to a DS-Qi2 monochrome CMOS sensor camera (Nikon) using a CCIS EC-H Plan achromatic  $\times$  40/0.65 objective lens and NIS-Elements D software (Version 4.3.00). The NET percentage was determined in 12 non-overlapping fields per coverslip. The images were analysed using ImageJ software. The average NET percentage was calculated from triplicate experiments. The experimenter was blinded to the treatment conditions during the analysis.

To quantify the NETs in the cell supernatant, we used a capture ELISA (Cell Death ELISA<sup>PLUS</sup>, Roche) method based on capture of the MPO-associated  $DNA^{53}$ . NETosis was induced using either *E. carinatus* or *N. naja* venom (5–50 µg ml<sup>-1</sup>), as described above. PMA (50 nM) served as a positive control. Then, the reaction mixture was centrifuged at 20g for 5 min at room temperature and the supernatant was separated. The anti-MPO mAb (1:200, 50 µl) was coated onto 96-well plates overnight at 4°C. After three washes (300 µl each), 20 µl of the reaction supernatant and 80 µl of incubation buffer containing peroxidase-labelled

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**Figure 7 | Co-injection with DNase 1 prevents** *E. carinatus* **venom-induced tissue destruction.** (a) Western blot analysis of the appearance of H3Cit (top) in tail tissue homogenates taken 8 h after *E. carinatus* venom ( $LD_{50}$ ) injection in the presence or absence of DNase 1. Quantification of H3Cit levels compared with H3 levels is shown (bottom). AU, arbitrary units; H3Cit, citrullinated histone 3; H3, histone 3. The data are presented as mean ± s.e.m. (n = 4). \*\*\*P < 0.001 versus control mice; one-way analysis of variance, followed by Dunnett's *post-hoc* test. The PVDF membranes were cut based on molecular weight of respective protein using protein molecular weight marker and then probed with respective antibodies. (b) Western blot analysis (left) of the appearance of *E. carinatus* venom in tail tissue homogenates taken 8 h after venom ( $LD_{50}$ ) injection in the presence or absence of DNase 1. *E. carinatus* venom (20 µg) served as a positive control. The image of the corresponding Ponceau-stained PVDF membrane (right) shows *E. carinatus* venom, 20 µg (lane I), and equal protein loading of the tail tissue homogenates (lane II-IV); n = 3. (c) Immunofluorescence images showing the accumulation of venom toxins from *E. carinatus* venom ( $LD_{50}$ )-injected mouse tail tissues sections in the absence (top row, middle) or presence of DNase 1 (100 U; top row, right). PBS-injected tail tissue served as a control (top row, left). The corresponding DIC images of the respective tissues are also shown (bottom row). Scale bars, 100 µm (n = 3). (d) All the experiments in this group were performed simultaneously but the data are divided into five graphs (top three and bottom two) for clarity. Kaplan-Meier survival curves: *E. carinatus* venom,  $LD_{50}$  (red line) in all the graphs; co-injection of *E. carinatus* venom ( $LD_{50}$ ) with 25 U DNase 1 (blue line), 50 U DNase 1 (green line), 100 U DNase 1 (violet line), 100 U DNase 1 pre-incubated with 50 µM actin (grey line) and 100 U DNase 1 followed by

anti-DNA mAb (1:25) were added to the wells and incubated by shaking at 300 r.p.m. for 2 h at room temperature. Then, the wells were washed three times (with PBS, 300  $\mu$ l each) and 100  $\mu$ l of ABTS was added. After 20 min of incubation at room temperature in the dark, the absorbance was measured at 405 nm. To calculate NET percentage, fluorescence obtained from cells lysed with 0.5% Triton X-100 was considered as 100% NET formation. To demonstrate venom-induced NOX-dependent and/or NOX-independent NETosis, neutrophils were independently pre-incubated with DPI (20  $\mu$ M) and/or DNP (750  $\mu$ M) for 60 min at 37 °C and then incubated with *E. carinatus* venom (50  $\mu$ g) for 180 min at 37 °C. PMA (50 nM) and A23187 (5  $\mu$ M) were used as a positive control for inhibition of the NOX-dependent and NOX-independent pathways, respectively.

**Detection of ROS.** *E. carinatus* venom-stimulated ROS in neutrophils was quantified using DCFDA<sup>29</sup>. The neutrophils  $(2 \times 10^5 \text{ cells per ml})$  were incubated

with increasing doses of *E. carinatus* venom  $(5-50 \ \mu g \ ml^{-1})$  for 30 min at 37 °C. After incubation, DCFDA (10  $\mu$ M) was added to determine ROS. The fluorescence was measured at 530 nm after exciting at 480 nm by using Varioskan multimode plate reader (Thermo Scientific) and expressed as pmol DCF formed per mg protein. Further to demonstrate venom-induced NOX-dependent and/or NOX-independent ROS production, neutrophils were independently pre-incubated with DPI (20  $\mu$ M) and/or DNP (750  $\mu$ M) for 60 min at 37 °C and then stimulated with *E. carinatus* venom (50  $\mu$ g) for 30 min at 37 °C. PMA (50 nM) and A23187 (5  $\mu$ M) were used as a positive control.

**Immunocytochemistry**. Neutrophils  $(2 \times 10^5$  cells per ml) were seeded on 13 mm round coverslips placed in 24-well culture plates in 500 µl of DMEM with 2% HSA and allowed to adhere to the coverslips for 30 min at 37 °C and 5% CO<sub>2</sub>. Then, the cells were independently stimulated with PMA (50 nM) and the *E. carinatus* venom

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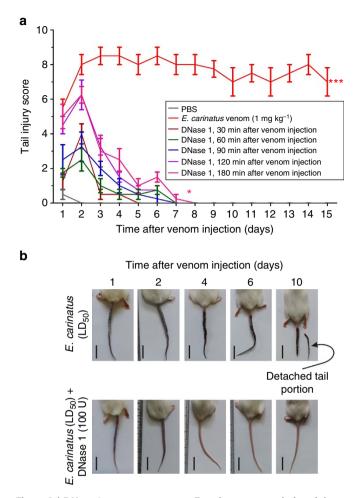


Figure 8 | DNase 1 treatment prevents *E. carinatus* venom-induced tissue destruction in the challenge study. (a) The graph represents the continued high injury score in *E. carinatus* venom (LD<sub>50</sub>)-injected mouse tails (red line), whereas the administration of 100 U DNase 1 at various times (30-180 min post-venom injection) decreased the tail injury score. The data are presented as mean  $\pm$  s.e.m. (n = 10). \*P < 0.05, \*\*\*P < 0.001 versus PBS injected control mice; one-way analysis of variance, followed by Dunnett's *post-hoc* test. (b) Representative photographs of mice taken on different days after injection. The mice were injected with *E. carinatus* venom (LD<sub>50</sub>; top row) or co-injected with *E. carinatus* venom (LD<sub>50</sub>) and DNase 1 (100 U; bottom row); the mice in the latter group recovered and normal tail morphology was restored on day 4 onwards (bottom, third). Scale bars, 2 cm (n = 10).

(25 and 50  $\mu g$  ml  $^{-1}$ ) for 2.5 h, fixed using 4% paraformaldehyde, permeabilized using 1% Triton X-100 and blocked with 1% bovine serum albumin for 1 h at room temperature. The cells were incubated with a primary antibody against H3Cit (1:1,000) overnight at 4 °C and then with AlexaFluor 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (1:1,500) for 2 h at room temperature. Hoechst 33342 (1:10,000) was used to stain for DNA. The images were acquired on a BA410 fluorescence microscope (Motic) attached to a DS-Qi2 monochrome CMOS sensor camera (Nikon) using a CCIS EC-H Plan Achromatic  $\times$  20 or  $\times$  40/0.65 objective lens and NIS-Elements D software (Version 4.3.00 64-bit). Images were analysed using the ImageJ software.

**Scanning electron microscopy.** Neutrophils  $(2 \times 10^5 \text{ cells per ml in 500 } \mu\text{I})$  DMEM with 2% HSA) were seeded on 13 mm round coverslips, placed in 24-well culture plates and allowed to attach to the coverslips for 30 min at 37 °C. The neutrophils were then stimulated with *E. carinatus* venom (50  $\mu$ g ml<sup>-1</sup>) for 2.5 h at 37 °C, fixed in 2.5% glutaraldehyde and post-fixed in 0.5% osmium tetroxide for 30 min. Then, the coverslips were incubated in 1% tannic acid for 30 min, with 0.5% osmium tetroxide for 30 min and dehydrated with a graded series of alcohol (30–100%) for 5 min each. The coverslips were dried in a desiccator for 24 h and the coverslips containing specimens were coated with a carbon layer using a thin

layer evaporator. The samples were visualized using a Zeiss EVO LS15 scanning electron microscope.

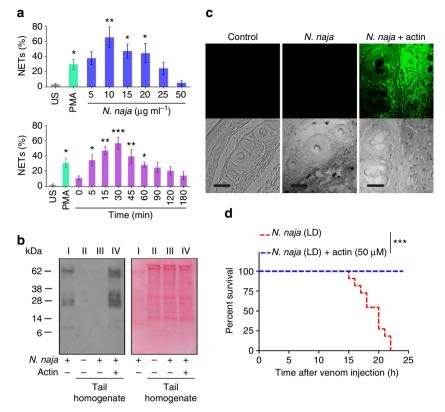
Venom-induced mouse tail tissue destruction and lethality. E. carinatus or N. naja venom (LD<sub>50</sub>/LD dissolved in 50 µl PBS) was subcutaneously administered to the groups of mice (n = 10) 3 cm distal to the base of the tail. The lethal dose of venom was determined in a pilot study (E. carinatus venom LD<sub>50</sub> = 1 mg per kg body weight and LD = 1.5 mg per kg body weight and *N. naja* venom LD = 0.75 mg per kg body weight). The time of death and tail injuries were recorded for each mouse. The severity of the tail injury was judged visually and scored according to a 10 point scale; 0 = no injury, 1 = oedema, 2 = oedema with minor haemorrhage, 4 = oedema with haemorrhage causing less than 25% tail discolouration, 6 = oedema and major haemorrhage or wound causing 25–50% tail discolouration, 8 = oedema and major haemorrhage or wound causing 50–75% tail discolouration, 10 = oedema and major haemorrhage or wound causing more than 75% tail discolouration. The tail injury observations were recorded every day for 15 days after venom injection. To assess the effects of DNase 1 on tail haemorrhage, E. carinatus venom (LD<sub>50</sub>/LD) was co-injected independently with 25, 50 or 100 U DNase 1. In the challenge study, 100 U DNase 1 was administered  $\sim$  5 mm distal to the venom injection site 30, 60, 90, 120 or 180 min after the E. carinatus venom (LD<sub>50</sub>) injection. To assess the effect of DNA on venom lethality, E. carinatus venom (LD<sub>50</sub>/LD) was incubated with calf thymus DNA in a 1:1 (w/w) ratio for 10 min at 37 °C and injected subcutaneously into the tail. Appropriate controls were maintained according to the assay requirements.

**Histopathological studies**. The venom-induced tail tissue destruction and the presence of NETs in the venom-injected tail tissues were examined in H&E-stained tissue sections. The respective tissues were dissected from the venom injection site, fixed overnight in buffered formalin and subjected to dehydration with different grades of alcohol and chloroform mixture. The processed tissues were embedded in molten paraffin wax, and 10-µm-thick sections were prepared using a microtome. The sections were stained with H&E, observed under an Axio Imager.A2 microscope (Zeiss) and photographed.

Immunohistochemistry. The localization of H3Cit, Ly6G/lactoferrin and DNA in mouse tail tissue was examined by immunofluorescence microscopy. The mouse tail tissue was dissected from the E. carinatus venom-injected normal and neutropenic mice, processed, embedded in solidifying paraffin wax and cut into 10-µm-thick cross/longitudinal sections. The sections were deparaffinized by incubating the slides overnight at 55 °C and subjected to xylene clearance for 5 min. Furthermore, the sections were rehydrated with different grades of alcohol (100-50%). The antigens were retrieved by incubating the slides with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0) in a steamer for 45 min. The tissues were permeabilized using 1% Triton X-100 and incubated with primary antibodies against H3Cit (1:1,000) overnight at 4 °C, followed by incubation with an AlexaFluor 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG antibody (1:500) for 2 h in the dark at room temperature. The sections were then incubated with an AlexaFluor 647-conjugated anti-mouse Ly6G antibody (1:200) for 3 h at room temperature or anti-mouse lactoferrin antibody (1:500) for overnight at 4 °C, followed by incubation with an AlexaFluor 647-conjugated goat anti-mouse IgG antibody (1:500) for 2 h in the dark at room temperature. Hoechst 33342 (1:10,000, 1 µg ml<sup>-1</sup>) was used to stain DNA. Images were acquired with a BA410 fluorescence microscope (Motic) attached to a DS-Qi2 monochrome CMOS sensor camera (Nikon) using a CCIS EC-H plan achromatic  $\times$  10/0.25 and  $\times$  40/0.65 objective lens and NIS-Elements D software (Version 4.3.00), or using a confocal microscope (Zeiss LSM 510 Meta). The appropriate controls were maintained.

The accumulation of venom toxins in *E. carinatus/N. naja* venom-injected tail tissues after 8 h of venom injection in the presence and absence of DNase 1/actin were detected using the appropriate rabbit polyclonal antibodies  $(2 \,\mu g \, ml^{-1})$ , followed by an AlexaFluor 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG secondary antibody (1:500). The appropriate controls were maintained.

Rabbit immunization and IgG purification. Rabbits were independently immunized against E. carinatus and N. naja venoms, and IgGs were purified<sup>54</sup>. E. carinatus (200 µg) or N. naja (100 µg) venoms were diluted in 100 µl PBS, thoroughly mixed with an equal volume of Freund's complete adjuvant and intradermally injected into female rabbits at several sites. Three booster doses of venom were administered at the same concentration and an equal volume of Freund's incomplete adjuvant at weekly intervals. Blood was drawn from the marginal ear vein on the ninth day after the third booster dose and allowed to coagulate for 24 h at 8-10 °C to obtain the antiserum. The antiserum was subjected to ammonium sulfate precipitation to obtain the crude IgG fraction, which was then subjected to Protein A-agarose column chromatography. The column was equilibrated with PBS and 5 mg of the crude IgG fraction in 2 ml of PBS was loaded and eluted using 0.2 M glycine-HCl buffer, pH 2.9. After reading the optical density at 280 nm, 1 ml aliquots were collected, pooled and then neutralized using 1 M Tris-HCl buffer, pH 8.0. The samples were subjected to dialysis against PBS. Aliquots of antibodies with  $2 \text{ mg ml}^{-1}$  concentration were prepared and stored at -20 °C and used for the study.



**Figure 9 | DNase activity of** *N. naja* **venom is essential for degrading NETs and increasing its lethal potency.** (a) *N. naja* venom-stimulated NET formation was quantified using MPO-DNA capture ELISA in both dose- (top) and time-dependent (bottom) assays. US, unstimulated cells. The results are expressed as the percent increase relative to the US; mean  $\pm$  s.e.m. (n = 6). \*P < 0.05, \*\*P < 0.01, \*\*\*P < 0.001 versus the US; one-way analysis of variance, followed by Dunnett's *post-hoc* test. PMA (50 nM) served as a positive control. (b) Western blot analysis (left) of the appearance of *N. naja* venom in tail tissue homogenates taken 8 h after venom (LD) injection in the presence or absence of actin (50 µM). *N. naja* venom (20 µg) served as a positive control. The image of the corresponding Ponceau-stained PVDF membrane (right) shows *N. naja* venom, 20 µg (lane I) and equal protein loading of tail tissue homogenates (lane II-IV); n = 3. (c) Representative immunofluorescence images were captured 8 h after *N. naja* venom (LD) injection in mouse tails and did not show an accumulation of venom (top row, middle), similar to the PBS-injected control tissue (left). However, *N. naja* venom accumulated when the venom (LD) was pre-treated with 50 µM actin before injection. The corresponding DIC images of respective tissues are shown (bottom). Scale bars, 100 µm (n = 3). (d) Kaplan-Meier survival curves after injections of *N. naja* venom (LD, red line) or *N. naja* venom (LD) pre-incubated with 50 µM actin (blue line); n = 10. \*\*\*P < 0.001; Log-rank test.

**Neutropenic mouse model**. Neutropenia was induced in mice using cyclopho-sphamide<sup>55</sup>. Briefly, female Swiss albino mice were intraperitoneally injected with cyclophosphamide in two doses totaling 250 mg kg<sup>-1</sup>. Initially, 150 mg kg<sup>-1</sup> was administered in 500 µl saline as the first dose on day 1, and the second dose of 100 mg kg<sup>-1</sup> was administered on day 4. Blood samples were drawn from the retro-orbital plexus on days 4 and 5, and subjected to total and differential cell counts using a Neubauer chamber and microscopic examination of Wright-stained smears. Then, the neutropenic mice were used on day 4, where complete neutrophil depletion was found (Supplementary Table 1), to determine the tail tissue destruction activity and lethality (n = 10) of the *E. carinatus* venom (LD<sub>50</sub>) in the presence and absence of DNase 1 (100 U) as described above.

Western blot analysis. In the ex vivo experiment, the levels of H3Cit, histone H3 and PAD4 in human neutrophils incubated with 5, 25 and 50  $\mu$ g ml<sup>-1</sup> of E. carinatus venom for 2.5 h at 37 °C were observed by western blotting. In the in vivo studies, the levels of H3Cit/histone H3/MPO were determined in mice tail homogenates. The mice were divided into three different treatment groups: (i) E. carinatus venom (LD<sub>50</sub>) was injected into the mice at different time intervals (2, 4, 8, 16 and 12 h; 3 and 10 days); (ii) E. carinatus venom (LD<sub>50</sub>) was injected into normal and neutropenic mice for 8 h and (iii) E. carinatus venom (LD<sub>50</sub>) was injected into mice in the presence or absence of DNase 1 (100 U) for 8 h. The accumulation of venom in tail tissue was observed using western blots of tail tissue homogenates from mice injected with E. carinatus venom (LD50) in the presence or absence of DNase 1 (100 U) and mice injected with N. naja venom in the presence or absence of actin (50 µM) 8 h after injection using rabbit raised polyclonal antibodies raised against respective snake. Briefly, the treated human neutrophils and mouse tail portions (3 cm length of tail, with the injection site at the centre, were collected after the mice were anaesthetized and killed at the indicated time intervals in the respective experiments) were snap frozen and homogenized in RIPA buffer with protease inhibitor cocktails on ice. The homogenates were

centrifuged at 15,000g for 15 min at 4 °C and equal amounts of protein were fractionated on SDS-PAGE and electroblotted onto polyvinylidene difluoride (PVDF) membranes. The blots were then incubated with primary antibodies (anti-H3Cit (1:750), anti-H3 (1:750), anti-PAD4 (1:2,000), anti-MPO (1:750), anti-*E. carinatus* ( $2 \mu g m l^{-1}$ ) and anti-*N. naja* ( $2 \mu g m l^{-1}$ )) overnight at 4 °C and subsequently with the appropriate horseradish peroxidase-conjugated secondary antibody (1:5,000) for 2 h at room temperature. The blots were developed with an enhanced chemiluminescence substrate and visualized (Alliance 2.7, Uvitec). To confirm equal loading, the glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate dehydrogenase (GAPDH) levels were observed by incubating the membrane with an anti-GAPDH antibody (1:1,000). For the venom accumulation study, the electroblotted membranes were stained with Ponceau to confirm equal protein loading. ImageJ software was used to quantify the blots. Images have been cropped for presentation. Uncropped images are presented in Supplementary Fig. 11.

**Detection of DNase activity of the venom.** The DNase activity of the venom was determined by agarose gel electrophoresis/DNase radial diffusion assay. Briefly, 750 ng of calf thymus DNA was independently incubated with the *N. naja* (5–50  $\mu$ g ml<sup>-1</sup>) venom for 60 min, at 37 °C in a final volume of 50  $\mu$  PBS. The reaction mixture was subjected to electrophoresis on 0.8% agarose gels at 50 V in TAE buffer (40 mM Tris-base and 1 mM EDTA, pH 8.0) for 1 h. Calf thymus DNA that had been treated with DNase 1 (5 U) served as a positive control. After electrophoresis, the gel was visualized and photographed on a ultraviolet transilluminator (Alliance 2.7, Uvitec). The *N. naja* venom DNase activity was inhibited by incubating the sample with actin (5–25  $\mu$ M) for 10 min at 37 °C. Image has been cropped for presentation. Uncropped image is presented in Supplementary Fig. 11.

<sup>1</sup>For radial diffusion assay, molten agarose (5 ml, 2.1%) containing herring sperm DNA (1 mg ml<sup>-1</sup>) and ethidium bromide (1 µg ml<sup>-1</sup>) was poured into wells of six-well culture plates and allowed to solidify. Seven-millimetre diameter

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wells were created at the centre of the dishes and loaded with *E. carinatus* venom (50–500  $\mu$ g per well) for 24 h at 37 °C. DNase 1 (10 U) served as the positive control. After incubation, the plates were visualized and photographed on a ultraviolet transilluminator (Alliance 2.7, Uvitec).

**Effect of** *E. carinatus* **venom on serum DNase activity**. Serum DNase activity was determined using the radial diffusion method. Molten agarose (5 ml, 2.1%) containing herring sperm DNA (1 mg ml<sup>-1</sup>) and ethidium bromide (1 µg ml<sup>-1</sup>) was poured into 35 mm diameter Petri dishes and allowed to solidify. Seven-millimetre diameter wells were created at the centre of the dishes and loaded with human serum (200 µl), which was independently pre-incubated with 250, 500 and 1,000 µg of *E. carinatus* venom for 1 h at 37 °C. DNase 1 (10 U) served as the positive control. After 24 h of incubation at 37 °C, the plates were visualized and photographed on a ultraviolet transiluminator (Alliance 2.7, Uvitec).

**DNA-venom capture ELISA.** The interaction between DNA and *E. carinatus* venom was studied using DNA-venom capture ELISA with Cell Death ELISA<sup>PLUS</sup>, Roche. Neutrophils  $(1 \times 10^5$  cells per 500 µl) were incubated with *E. carinatus* venom (25, 50 and 100 µg) for 2.5 h to ensure NET formation and binding of the E. carinatus venom to NET DNA. Next, the DNA-histone complex provided in the assay kit (40 µl) was incubated with E. carinatus venom (50 µg) in a final volume of 500 µl made up with incubation buffer for 2.5 h to serve as a positive control. The concentrations of the DNA-histone complex and E. carinatus were determined in our pilot study, where 40 µl of the DNA-histone complex bound to a maximum of 50 µg of E. carinatus venom. After incubation, the samples were centrifuged at 20g for 5 min at room temperature, and 20 µl of the supernatant was added to streptavidin-coated 96-well plates, along with 80 µl of an anti-histone-biotin antibody (1:20) for 2 h, followed by shaking at 300 r.p.m. at room temperature. The plate was washed (three times with incubation buffer, 300 µl each) and incubated with a rabbit polyclonal antibody against E. carinatus venom (1:1,000) for 2 h, followed by shaking at 300 r.p.m. at room temperature. Then, the plate was washed (three times with incubation buffer, 300 µl each) and incubated with an horseradish peroxidase-conjugated anti-rabbit secondary antibody (1:5,000) for 2 h by shaking at 300 r.p.m. at room temperature in the dark. The wells were again washed (three times with incubation buffer, 300 µl each) and 100 µl of the ABTS peroxidase substrate was added. After 20 min of incubation at room temperature in the dark, the absorbance was measured at 405 nm using Varioskan multimode plate reader (Thermo Scientific). The percent increase in the absorbance with respect to the control indicated the binding of E. carinatus venom toxins to the DNA-histone complex or NETs.

Detection of DNA-venom interaction by non-denaturing PAGE. The interaction between DNA and E. carinatus venom was also studied by electrophoresis. We used the amplified PCR product (160 bp) that was produced by multiplex PCR using the mecA P4 (5'-TCCAGATTACAACTTCACCAGG-3') and mecA P7 (5'-CCACTTCATATCTTGTAACG-3') primers as previously described<sup>56</sup>. The reaction was carried out with a DreamTaq Green DNA Polymerase kit consisting of 200 µM dNTPs, 1.25 U DreamTaq DNA polymerase and 100 ng template DNA (Genomic source S. aureus). PCR amplification was performed in a Surecycler 8800 (Agilent Technologies) using the following conditions: initial denaturation for 15 min at 95 °C; 35 cycles consisting of denaturation for 30 s at 95 °C, annealing for 30 s at 53 °C, elongation for 1 min at 72 °C and post-extension for 5 min at 72 °C. The amplified fragment/amplicon (250 ng) was incubated with increasing concentrations of E. carinatus venom (5-50 µg) for 1 h at 37 °C in a final reaction volume of 20 µl. Then, the reaction mixture was separated on non-denaturing PAGE (7.5%) using 0.5 × Tris-borate-EDTA buffer, pH 8.5, with a constant voltage of 50 V for 4 h. The gel was visualized on a ultraviolet transilluminator (Alliance 2.7 Uvitec) after staining with ethidium bromide  $(1 \,\mu g \,m l^{-1})$  for 30 min at room temperature.

The interaction between the DNA and the *E. carinatus* venom was disrupted by the addition of an equal amount of chloroform and isoamyl alcohol (24:1, v/v) followed by two volumes of pre-chilled isopropanol and incubation overnight at -20 °C. The samples were then centrifuged at 18,000g for 10 min and the pellets were dissolved in sterile distilled water and resolved on a non-denaturing PAGE gel as described above. Images have been cropped for presentation. Uncropped images are presented in Supplementary Fig. 11.

**Protein concentration measurement.** The protein concentrations were determined using the method described by Lowry *et al.*<sup>57</sup>.

**Statistics.** The data are presented as the mean  $\pm$  s.e.m. of at least three independent experiments and were analysed using a two-tailed Student's *t*-test (unpaired), one-way analysis of variance, followed by Dunnet's *post-hoc* test or Bonferroni *post hoc* test for multiple comparisons as applicable. Lethality was analysed using the log-rank test after constructing Kaplan–Meier curves. All analyses were done using GraphPad Prism software (Version 5.0). The results were considered significant when P < 0.05.

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#### Acknowledgements

K.K. thanks Professor T. V. Gowda, DOS in Biochemistry (Retired), University of Mysore, Mysuru, India, Professor P. S. Sastry, Department of Biochemistry (Retired), Indian Institute of Science, Bengaluru, India, and Professor Ram Rajasekharan, Director, AcSIR, CSIR-CFTRI, Mysuru for their support. G.D.K. thanks Professor Volker Brinkmann, Max Planck Institute for Infection Biology, Germany, for his kind suggestions for immunostaining, University Grants Commission, New Delhi, India, for the research fellowship and volunteers for blood donation. We thank Dr H. Krishnamurthy, Flow Cytometry and Confocal Microscopy Facilities, NCBS, TIFR, C-CAMP, Bengaluru, India, and Dr S. Chandranayaka, for their kind help in imaging facilities. We also thank Ms Mahitha Shree A., Mr Akshay V., Mr Madhusudan, Mr Yogesh, Mr Poornachandra Rao and Ms Deepthi for their kind help during the study. We thank Institution of Excellence (IOE), University of Mysore, Mysuru, India, for providing central instrumentation facilities. K.K. acknowledges the funding from the DBT (No.BT/PR5323/MED/30/818/2012), UGC-SAP (No. F3-14/ 2012 SAP-II) and VGST [VGST/K-FIST (2010-11)/GRD-36/2013-14]. K.S.G. acknowledges the funding from the DST (DST-SERB/LS-952/2012). The funders had no role in designing and analysis of data, decision to publish or preparation of the manuscript.

#### **Author contributions**

K.K., K.S.G. and G.D.K. conceived the idea, designed the research, discussed the data and wrote the paper; G.D.K. and M.S.S. performed the experiments, collected the data and analysed the data. M.S.S. and S.D. analysed and discussed some data. S.K.N., R.D.S., M.P., G.J.V. and B.S. performed some experiments.

#### Additional information

Supplementary Information accompanies this paper at http://www.nature.com/ naturecommunications

Competing financial interests: The authors declare no competing financial interests.

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How to cite this article: Katkar, G. D. *et al.* NETosis and lack of DNase activity are key factors in *Echis carinatus* venom-induced tissue destruction. *Nat. Commun.* 7:11361 doi: 10.1038/ncomms11361 (2016).

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Date: 21-04-2023

To The National Coordinator PMRF

Dear Sir/Madam,

This is to certify that Ms Senji Laxme R R(who is a PhD scholar and a PMRF fellow at CES, IISc) has completed a 25-hour teaching module for our Final Year BE Biotechnology Engineering students at our campus as per PMRF fellowship requirements during March-April 2023.

Thanking You,

Yours Sincerely

21 H.G. Nagendra

Dr H.G. Nagendra Professor & Head Department of Biotechnology 9tr M Visvesvaraya Institute of Technology BANGALORE - 562157







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KAVYA BAI O P	7	7	8	9
MADHUMITHA K	0	0	0	0
NAGASHREE S	7	6	6	5
APARNA B S	7	6	6	5
DEEPIKA	7	7	6	5
SHREYA RAO	7	7	6	6
VIDYASHREE	7	6	6	5
ADVAITH K G	0	0	0	0
CHATURTHY	0	0	0	0
MAITHRI B M	0	0	0	0
MAHALAKSHMI	0	0	0	0
NIHARIKA K S	0	0	0	0
SMRITHI HUNSIGI	0	0	0	0
UMA MAHESHWARI	0	0	0	0
JHANVI RONI	0	0	0	0
URVIJA DUBEY	0	0	0	0
EMILEE GRACIA DOMNIC	8	8	8	8
DEVE SNEHA GOWDA	8	8	8	8
SYEDA DANIYA IMAN	8	8	8	8
UPPU AISHWARYA	8	8	8	8
SRINJANA RAHA	9	9	9	10
THEJASHREE M	9	9	9	10
TRISHA C	5	6	7	6
SAMARTH RAJE URS	8	7	7	8
ACHYUTH S V	8	7	7	8
GURURAJ	5	8	8	6
HRUTHIK KUMAR RAJU	5	0	0	0
RICHARD STEPHEN	8	6	6	

ach)			Group efforts (30)	Total	Ranking
	Presentation				
10	7	10	30	84	3
10	7	0	30	72	
10	7	0	30	73	
7	8	10	25	81	4
7	8	10	25	81	4
0	0	0	0	0	
6	7	10	25	72	
6	6	0	25	61	
7	6	0	25	63	
7	6	0	25	64	
7	6	0	25	62	
0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	
7	8	10	30	87	1
7	8	10	30	87	1
7	8	10	30	87	1
7	8	10	30	87	1
10	9	0	30	86	2
10	9	0	30	86	2
5	7	0	28	64	
8	8	10	28	84	3
8	8	10	28	84	3
6	7	0	28	68	
5	5	0	0	15	
8	8	0	28	64	

#### Comments

Great individual effort, attended both sessions, interacted with other teams. Better presentation expected.

Great content and understanding. Better team effort expected.

Best team. Great content, teamwork. Team attended both sessions. Could have been more interactive.

ontent, good understanding of content, very interactive and informative. Could have taken attendance more se

Attended both the sessions. Great content, understanding. Special mention for the efforts.

	SIR M VISVESVRAYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY									
	Venom toxinology course attendance									
S. No	Names	Course	02 March	09 March	16 March	23 March	30 March	13 April	20 April	20 April
1	K S LASYA	BE	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
2	JHANVI RONI	BE	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No
3	URVIJA DUBEY	BE	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No
4	AASHITHA C SHEKAR	BE	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
5	ACHYUTH S V	BE	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
6	ADVAITH K G	BE	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No
7	APARNA B S	BE	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
8	CHATURTHY	BE	Yes	No						
9	DEEPIKA	BE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	No
10	EMILEE GRACIA DOMNIC	BE	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
11	DEVE SNEHA GOWDA	BE	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
12	GURURAJ	BE	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
13	HRUTHIK KUMAR RAJU	BE	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No
14	KAVYA BAI O P	BE	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
15	MADHUMITHA K	BE	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	No	No
16	MAHALAKSHMI	BE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
17	MAITHRI B M	BE	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
18	NAGASHREE S	BE	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
19	NIHARIKA K S	BE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
20	PRANESH KULASEKHAR	BE	Yes							
21	RICHARD STEPHEN	BE	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	No	Yes
22	ROHAN THOMAS CHERIAN	BE	Yes	No						
23	SAMARTH RAJE URS	BE	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes
24	SHREYA RAO	BE	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	Yes	No
25	SHRUTHI P	BE	Yes	No						
26	SMRITHI HUNSIGI	BE	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
27	SRINJANA RAHA	BE	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No
28	SYEDA DANIYA IMAN	BE	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
29	THEJASHREE M	BE	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
30	TRISHA C	BE	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No	No	Yes
31	UPPU AISHWARYA	BE	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
32	UMA MAHESHWARI	BE	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
33	VIDYASHREE	BE	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	No
34	VRITHI RAJU	BE	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
35	YAMUNA	BE	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No
36	JANE	MTECH	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No
37	YADUKIRAN	MTECH	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No
38	AKSHATHA	MTECH	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No
39	MANUDYUTH	MTECH	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No
40	AYAN	MTECH	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No